

Site-Specific Safety and Health Plans

Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)

Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)

Small Weapons Cleaning & Storage Compound, Bldg. 1378, Parcel 174(7)

Former Motor Pool Area 1000, Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)

**Final
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment
Site Investigation at the
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan
Calhoun County, Alabama
EPA ID No. AL7 210 020 562**

Prepared for:

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Prepared by:

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312 Directors Drive
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**Delivery Order CK005
Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018
IT Project No. 774645**

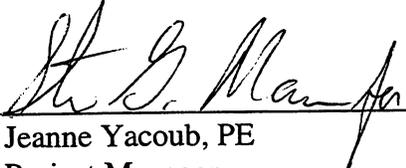
November 1998

Revision 1

This Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan must be used in conjunction with the Installation-Wide Safety and Health Plan, Fort McClellan, Alabama.

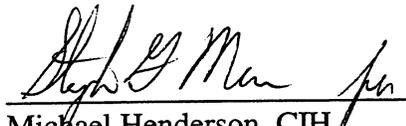
**Final
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment Approval
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

I have read and approve this site-specific safety and health plan attachment for the Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7) at Fort McClellan, Alabama, with respect to project hazards, regulatory requirements, and IT Corporation procedures.



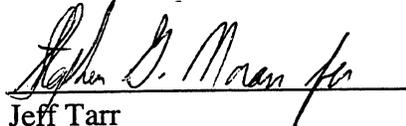
Jeanne Yacoub, PE
Project Manager

11/24/98
Date



Michael Henderson, CIH
Health & Safety Manager

11/24/98
Date



Jeff Tarr
Site Coordinator

11/24/98
Date

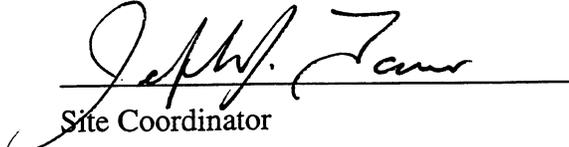
Acknowledgements

The final approved version of this site-specific safety and health plan (SSHP) attachment for the Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7) at Fort McClellan, Alabama has been provided to the site coordinator. I acknowledge my responsibility to provide the site coordinator with the equipment, materials, and qualified personnel to implement fully all safety requirements in this SSHP attachment. I will formally review this plan with the health and safety staff every 6 months until project completion.


Project Manager

11/24/98
Date

I acknowledge receipt of this SSHP attachment from the project manager, and that it is my responsibility to explain its contents to all site personnel and cause these requirements to be fully implemented. Any change in conditions, scope of work, or other change that might affect worker safety requires me to notify the project manager and/or the health and safety manager.


Site Coordinator

11-24-98
Date

Fort McClellan Gate Hours

Baltzell Gate	Baltzell Road. Open 24 hours daily, 7 days a week.
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Fort McClellan Project Emergency Contacts

Fire Department (on post)	Ext. 17
Fire Department (off post).....	(256) 820-1117
Ambulance (on post)	Ext. 12
Ambulance (off post)	(256) 848-2315
Military Police (on post).....	Ext. 5-3821
Military Police (off post).....	(256) 848-5555
Regional Medical Center.....	(256) 235-5121
Chemical Agent Emergencies	Ext. 17
UXO Emergencies.....	Ext. 17
UXO Nonemergencies/Reporting Only (Ronald Levy)	(256) 848-3758
National Response Center	(800) 424-8802
Poison Control Center	(800) 462-0800
EPA Region IV.....	(404) 562-8725
Ronald Levy, Chief, FTMC Environmental Management.....	(256) 848-3758
Ellis Pope, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	(334) 690-3077
Jeanne Yacoub, IT Project Manager	(423) 690-3211
Michael Henderson, IT H&S Manager	(423) 690-3211
Dr. Elaine Theriault, IT Occupational Physician	(800) 229-3674

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List of Acronyms

BZ	breathing zone
FTMC	Fort McClellan
IT	IT Corporation
PPE	personal protective equipment
SHP	installation-wide safety and health plan
SSHO	site safety and health officer
SSHP	site-specific safety and health plan

1.0 Site Work Plan Summary

Project Objective. The objective of this investigation at Fort McClellan (FTMC), Calhoun County, Alabama is to collect and analyze samples from the Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7) and compute the site relative risk.

Project Tasks

- Collect six surface soil samples.
- Collect six subsurface soil samples.
- Collect one depositional soil sample.
- Collect four groundwater samples.

Personnel Requirements. Up to ten employees.

Note: All personnel on this site shall have received training, informational programs, and medical surveillance as outlined in the installation-wide safety and health plan (SHP) for site investigations at FTMC, and be familiar with the requirements of this site-specific SHP (SSHP). This SSHP must be used in conjunction with the SHP.

2.0 Site Characterization and Analysis

2.1 Anticipated Hazards

The activity hazard analysis in Chapter 5.0 contains project-specific practices utilized to reduce or eliminate anticipated site hazards. The activity hazard analysis indicates specific chemical and physical hazards that may be present and encountered during each task from on-site operations. Below each task is a list of hazards and specific actions that will be taken to control the respective hazards. These control measures may include work practice controls, engineering controls, and/or use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

This parcel consists of a parking/staging area for military vehicles and a light vehicle maintenance workshop. Features commonly found on motor pool areas, such as a wash rack, oil/water separator, and underground storage tanks, have not been previously identified and were not found at the facility during the April 1998 IT Corporation (IT) site visit.

Table 2-1 contains the toxicological and physiological properties of chemicals anticipated or to be used at the Former Motor Pool Area 1300.

2.2 General Site Information

Location and Approximate Size of Site. Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7) is located in the northwest part of the Main Post, west of 2nd Avenue and south of 9th Street. The study is approximately 1 acre.

Duration of Planned Employee Activity. Employee activity duration is 1 month.

Site Topography. Site elevation is approximately 765 feet, with ground sloping gently to the south and southwest.

Pathways for Hazardous Substance Dispersion. Possible pathways for hazardous substances in the area are groundwater and soils.

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 8)

Substance [CAS]	IP* (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Acetone [67-64-1]	9.7	13-100	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, nose, and throat; headache, dizziness; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate Immediately Skin: Soap wash Immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	750 ppm 750 ppm 250 ppm	1,000 ppm 1,000 ppm	PEL TLV REL	20,000 ppm
Arsenic and soluble inorganic compounds (as As) [7740-38-2]	NA	NA	Inh Abs Ing Con	Ulceration of nasal septum, dermatitis, gastrointestinal disturbances; hyperpigmentation of the skin (carcinogenic); peripheral neuropathy, respiratory irritation.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention	0.01 mg/m ³ 0.2 mg/m ³ (Ca-29 CFR 1910.1018 Inorganic compounds)	C0.002 mg/m ³	PEL TLV REL	Ca [100 mg/m ³]
Benzene [71-43-2]	9.24	34-119	Inh Abs Ing Con	Irritates eyes, nose, respiratory system; giddiness; headache, nausea, staggered gait; fatigue, anorexia, lassitude; dermatitis; bone-marrow depression. Carcinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate Immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	1 ppm (10 ppm) NIC-0.1 skin 0.1 ppm	5 ppm C1 ppm (Ca)	PEL TLV REL	Ca [1,000 ppm]* *OSHA
1,2-Dichloroethane (ethylene dichloride) [107-06-02]	11.05	?	Inh Abs Ing Con	Depressed central nervous system, nausea, vomiting, dermatitis, irritated eyes, corneal opacity. Carcinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	1 ppm 10 ppm 1 ppm	2 ppm 2 ppm	PEL TLV REL	Ca [1,000]
1,2-Dichloroethylene [540-59-0]	9.65	17	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes and respiratory system; depressed central nervous system.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	200 ppm 200 ppm 200 ppm		PEL TLV REL	4,000 ppm

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 8)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Dichloromethane, see methylene chloride									
Ethyl benzene [100-41-4]	8.76	0.09-0.6	Inh Ing Con	Irritates eyes, mucous membranes; headache; dermatitis; narcosis, coma.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm	125 ppm 125 ppm 125 ppm	PEL TLV REL	2,000 ppm
Fuel oil (diesel oil, medium)	?	?	Ing Inh Con	Ingestion causes nausea, vomiting, and cramps; depressed central nervous system, headache, coma, death; pulmonary irritation; kidney and liver damage; aspiration causes severe lung irritation, coughing, gagging, dyspnea, sub- sternal stress, pulmonary edema; bronchopneumonia; excited, then depressed, central nervous system.	Eye: Irrigate promptly Skin: Soap wash Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention Aspiration: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Fuel Oil No. 1, see kerosene. [NA]								PEL TLV REL	
Fuel Oil No. 2, see fuel oil. [NA]								PEL TLV REL	

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Fuel Oils No. 4, 5, and 6 [NA]	?	?	Abs Con	Low toxicity; prolonged contact may produce systemic effects.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Kerosene	?	?	Inh Ing Con	Irritation to eyes, skin, nose, throat; burning sensation in chest; nausea; weakness; headache; confusion; drowsiness; vomiting; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 mg/m ³		PEL TLV REL	
Gasoline [8006-61-9]	?	0.3	Inh Ing Con	Intoxication, headaches, blurred vision, dizziness, nausea; eye, nose throat irritation; potential kidney and other cancers. Car- cinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	300 ppm 300 ppm Ca, lowest feasible conc. (LOQ 15 ppm)	500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	?
n-Hexane [110-54-3]	10.18	65-248	Inh Ing Con	Lightheadedness; nausea, headache; numbness of the extremities, muscular weakness; Irritation of the eyes and nose; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia; giddi- ness.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	50 ppm 50 ppm 50 ppm		PEL TLV REL	5,000 ppm
Hydrogen chloride (hydrochloric acid) [74-90-8]	12.74	0.255-10.6	Inh Ing Con	Inflamed nose, throat, larynx; cough, burns throat, choking; burns eyes, skin; dermatitis; in animals; laryngeal spasm; pulmonary edema.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention		C5 ppm C5 ppm C5 ppm	PEL TLV REL	100 ppm

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Substance [CAS]	IP* (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Isopropyl alcohol (Isopropanol) [67-63-0]	10.16	43-200	Inh Ing Con	Mild irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat; drowsi- ness, dizziness, headache; dry, cracked skin.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	400 ppm 400 ppm 400 ppm	500 ppm 500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	12,000 ppm
Lead [7439-92-1]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Weak, insomnia, facial pallor, constipated, abdominal pain, colic, anemia, Irritated eyes, paralysis of wrists and ankles, encephalopathy.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	0.05 mg/m 0.05 mg/m 0.1 mg/m		PEL TLV REL	100 mg/m
Methanol	10.85	4.2-5960	Inh Abs Ing Con	Irritated eyes, headache, drowsiness, lightheadedness, nausea, vomiting, disturbance in vision, blindness.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Immediate medical attention		200 ppm (skin) 200 ppm (skin) 200 ppm	PEL TLV REL	25,000 ppm
Methylene chloride (dichloromethane) [75-09-2]	11.32	?	Inh Ing Con	Fatigue, weakness, sleepi- ness, lightheadedness; numbness and tingling in limbs; nausea; irritated eyes and skin.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	500 ppm 50 ppm	C1,000 ppm; C2,000 mg/m ³ (5 min in 2 hrs)	PEL TLV REL	Ca (5,000 ppm)
Methyl ethyl ketone [78-93-3]	9.54	2-85	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes and nose; headache, dizziness; vomiting.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Immediate medical attention	200 ppm 200 ppm 200 ppm	300 ppm 300 ppm 300 ppm	PEL TLV REL	3,000 ppm

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 5 of 8)

Substance [CAS]	IP* (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Motor oil [NA]	?	?	Inh Ing	Irritated eyes, skin, respiratory system; usually only a problem if misted or ingested.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Naphtha, see petroleum distillate									
Nitric acid [7697-37-2]	11.95	0.3-1	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, mucous membranes, and skin; delayed pulmonary edema, pneumonitis, bronchitis; dental erosion.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	2 ppm 2 ppm 2 ppm	4 ppm 4 ppm 4 ppm	PEL TLV REL	100 ppm
Petroleum distillate (Naphtha) [8002-05-9]	?	?	Con Ing	Coughing, dyspnea, nausea, or vomiting.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	400 ppm		PEL TLV REL	
Petroleum hydrocarbons, see Stoddard solvent									
Portland cement			Inh	Fine gray powder that can be irritating if inhaled or in eyes.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention		10 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ /total dust 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction	TLV PEL/REL	

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Sodium hydroxide [1310-73-2]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Irritated nose; pneumonitis; burns eyes, and skin; temporary loss of hair.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical Attention		C2 mg/m ³ C2 mg/m ³ C2 mg/m ³	PEL TLV REL	250 mg/m ³
Sulfuric acid [7664-93-9]	?	0.15	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, nose, and throat; pulmonary edema, bronchitis; emphysema; conjunctivitis; stomatitis; dental erosion; tracheobronchitis; skin and eye burns; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	1 mg/m ³ 1 mg/m ³ 1 mg/m ³	3 mg/m ³	PEL TLV REL	80 mg/m ³
Stoddard Solvent	?	?	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, nose, and throat; dizziness; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	500 ppm 350 mg/m ³		PEL TVL REL	20,000 mg/m ³
Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) [127-18-4]	9.32	47	Inh Ing Con	Irritates eyes, nose, throat; nausea; flushed face, neck; vertigo, dizziness, incoordination; headache, sleepiness; skin redness; liver damage, suspected human carcinogen.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	25 ppm 50 ppm	200 ppm minimize exposure (LOQ 0.4 ppm)	PEL TLV REL	Ca [500 ppm]
Toluene [108-88-3]	8.82	0.16-37	Inh Abs Ing Con	Fatigue, weakness; con- fusion, euphoria, dizziness, headache; dilated pupils, lacrimation; nervousness, muscular fatigue, insomnia; paralysis; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 50 ppm (skin) 100 ppm	150 ppm 150 ppm	PEL TLV REL	2,000 ppm

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Xylene (o-, m-, and p-isomers) [1330-20-7;95-47-6; 108-38-3;106-42-3]	8.56/ 8.56/ 8.44	1.1-20	Inh Abs Ing Con	Dizziness, excitement, drowsiness, incoordination, staggering gait; irritated eyes, nose, throat; corneal vacuolization; anorexia, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm	150 ppm 150 ppm 150 ppm	PEL TLV REL	1,000 ppm

^aIP = Ionization potential (electron volts).

^bRoute = Inh, Inhalation; Abs, Skin absorption; Ing, Ingestion; Con, Skin and/or eye contact.

^cTWA = Time-weighted average. The TWA concentration for a normal work day (usually 8 or 10 hours) and a 40-hour work week, to which nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed, day after day without adverse effect.

^dSTEL = Short-term exposure limit. A 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday, even if the TWA is not exceeded.

^ePEL = Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) permissible exposure limit (29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z).

AEL = Airborne Exposure Limit.

TLV = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene (ACGIH) threshold limit value—TWA.

REL = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) recommended exposure limit.

^fIDLH (NIOSH)—Immediately dangerous to life or health (NIOSH). Represents the maximum concentration from which, in the event of respirator failure, one could escape within 30 minutes without a respirator and without experiencing any escape-impairing or irreversible health effects.

NE = No evidence could be found for the existence of an IDLH (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Pub. 1998).

C = Ceiling limit value which should not be exceeded at any time.

Ca = Carcinogen.

NA = Not applicable.

? = Unknown.

LEL = Lower explosive limits.

LC₅₀ = Lethal concentration for 50 percent of population tested.

LD₅₀ = Lethal dose for 50 percent of population tested.

NIC = Notice of intended change (ACGIH).

References:

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Guide to Occupational Exposure Values, 1998, compiled by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Amoore, J. E. Hautula, "Odor as an Aid to Chemical Safety," Journal of Applied Toxicology, 1983.

Clayton, George D., Clayton, F. E., Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology, 3rd ed., John Wiley & Sons, New York.

Table 2-1

Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7) Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

(Page 8 of 8)

Documentation of TLVs and BEIs, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 6th ed., 1998.
Fazzuluri, F. A., Compilation of Odor and Taste Threshold Values Data, American Society for Testing and Materials, 1978.
Gemet, L. J. Van, Compilation of Odor Threshold Values in Air and Water, CIVO, Netherlands, 1977.
Gemet, L. J. Van, Compilation of Odor Threshold Values in Air and Water, Supplement IV, CIVO, Netherlands, 1977.
Lewis, Richard J., Sr., 1992, Sax's Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 8th ed., Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York.
Micromedex Tomes Plus (R) System, 1992, Micromedex, Inc.
National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Pocket Guide to Chemicals, Pub., 1998, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.
Odor Threshold for Chemicals with Established Occupational Health Standards, American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1989.
Respirator Selection Guide, 3M Occupational Health and Safety Division, 1993.
Verschueren, K., Handbook of Environmental Data on Organic Chemicals, Van Nostrand and Reinhold, 1977.
Warning Properties of Industrial Chemicals-Occupational Health Resource Center, Oregon Lung Association.
Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels, American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1992.

3.0 Personal Protective Equipment

The work activities will begin in the following levels of protection. Also, a completed description of Level D, Modified Level D, and Level C PPE is provided.

Task	Initial Level of PPE
Staging equipment	Level D
Collecting samples	Modified Level D*

*Initial level will be raised to Level C or higher if air monitoring results in the worker's breathing zone (BZ) are greater than action levels.

Level D. The minimal level of protection that will be required of IT personnel at the site will be Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D protection:

- Coveralls or work clothing
- Leather work gloves (when necessary)
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Modified Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D-Modified protection:

- Permeable Tyvek, Kleenguard, or its equivalent (Saran-coated tyvek where chemical agents are anticipated)
- Latex boot covers
- Nitrile, heavy work, or latex gloves
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Note: In addition to modifying Level D PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the legs and feet.

Level C. Level C protection will not be used unless air monitoring data indicate the need for upgrade; however, the equipment shall be readily available on site. The following equipment will be used for Level C protection:

- National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health/Mine Safety and Health Administration-approved full-face, air-purifying respirators equipped with organic vapor/acid gas cartridge in combination with high-efficiency particulate air filter
- Hooded, Saran-coated Tyvek, taped at gloves, boots, and respirator
- Nitrile gloves (outer)
- Latex or lightweight nitrile gloves (inner)
- Neoprene steel-toed boots or polyvinyl chloride overbooties/steel-toed safety boots
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Note: In addition to Level C PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the legs and feet.

4.0 Site Monitoring

The environmental contaminants of concern resulting from Motor Pool Area 1300 operations are diesel fuels, benzene, ethyl benzene, toluene, xylene, and lead. Table 4-1 contains action levels for site monitoring at the Motor Pool Area.

Monitoring will be performed by the site safety and health officer (SSHO) during the performance of ground-intrusive operations. A calibrated flame ionization detector (i.e., OVA 128 or equivalent) organic vapor analyzer will be utilized to monitor the sampling locations and BZ to determine if any organic material may be present that would necessitate upgrading of protection level. A calibrated combustible gas/oxygen monitor will be utilized to monitor the sampling locations and BZ to determine if any combustible/flammable gases or oxygen levels may be present that would necessitate evacuating the site. Table 4-2 contains the air monitoring frequency and location for site monitoring at the Former Motor Pool Area 1300.

Table 4-1

**Action Levels
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 2)

When in Level C Personal Protective Equipment

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action ^a
VOHs	≥ 10 ppm above background in breathing zone (BZ)	Stop work, evacuate work area, upgrade to Level B.
Benzene	≥ 5 ppm in BZ	Stop work, evacuate work area, upgrade to Level B.
Oxygen	≥ 20%, <23% < 20%, >23%	Normal operations. Stop work, evacuate work area.
Flammable vapors	≥ 10% lower explosive limit (LEL) < 10% LEL	Stop work, evacuate work area. Continue operations, monitor for volatile organic compounds (VOC).

When in Level D Modified/D PPE

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action ^b
VOHs	≥ 5 ppm above background in BZ	Stop activities, suspend work activities for 15 to 30 minutes, if readings are sustained then upgrade to Level C PPE.
Benzene	1 ppm in BZ	Upgrade to Level C PPE.
Oxygen	≥ 20%, <23% < 20%, >23%	Normal operations. Stop work, evacuate work area.
Flammable vapors	≥ 10% LEL < 10% LEL	Stop work, evacuate work area. Continue operations, monitor for VOCs.

Table 4-1

**Action Levels
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 2)

When in Support Zone

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action
VOHs	≥ 1 ppm above background in BZ	Evacuate support zone and re-establish perimeter of exclusion zone.

^a Four instantaneous peaks in any 15-minute period or a sustained reading for 5 minutes in excess of the action level will trigger a response.

^b Contact with the H&S manager must be made prior to continuance of work. The H&S manager may then initiate perimeter/integrated air sampling along with additional engineering controls.

No one is permitted to downgrade levels of PPE without authorization from the H&S manager.

Table 4-2

**Air Monitoring Frequency and Location
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

Work Activity	Instrument	Frequency	Location
Staging equipment	OV Monitor	Initially for area	Breathing zone (BZ) of employees
Sampling (groundwater and soil)	OV Monitor LEL/O ₂ Monitor	Continuously Continuously	BZ of employees Support zone

OV = Organic vapor.

LEL/O₂ = Lower explosive level/oxygen.

5.0 Activity Hazard Analysis

The attached activity hazard analysis (Table 5-1) is provided for the following activities:

- Setup of equipment and general field activities
- Soil and groundwater sampling.

All injuries and illnesses must be immediately reported to the site manager or the SSHO, who will then notify off-site personnel and organizations as necessary.

If hospital care must be provided, the victim shall be treated at Northeast Regional Medical Center. Directions to the hospital are provided in Figure 1-1.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine best access route before transporting equipment. • Practice good housekeeping; keep work area picked up and clean as feasible. • Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards. • Look before you step; ensure safe and secure footing.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead; wear hard hat and steel-toed boots.
	Flying debris, dirt, dust, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear safety glasses/goggles; ensure that eye wash is in proper working condition.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Beware of contact points. • Stay alert at all times!
	Cuts/bruises	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use cotton or leather work gloves for material handling.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas.
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear light colored clothing (can see ticks better). • Mow vegetated and small brush areas. • Wear insect repellent. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Label all containers as to contents and dispose of properly. • Ensure Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available for hazardous chemicals used on site. 	

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment (continued)	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sound levels above 85 decibels (dBA) mandates hearing protection.
	Lighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate lighting will be provided to ensure a safe working environment.
	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40 degrees Fahrenheit (°F). • Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages. • Remove wet clothing promptly. • Take breaks in warm areas. • Reduce work periods as necessary. • Layer work clothing.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep the skin clean and dry. • Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary. • Bathe at end of work shift or day. • Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty. • Provide cool fluid for work crews. • Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature). • Set up work/rest periods. • Use the "buddy system." • Allow workers time to acclimate. • Have ice packs available for use. • Take frequent breaks.
	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate possibility of night work. • Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks. • Wear body cooling devices.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 3 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment (continued)	Contact with moving equipment/vehicles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work area will be barricaded/demarcated. • Equipment will be laid out in an area free of traffic flow. • Barricades shall be used on or around work areas when it is necessary to prevent the inadvertent intrusion of pedestrian traffic. • Barriers shall be used to protect workers from vehicular traffic. • Barriers shall be used to guard excavations adjacent to streets or roadways. • Flagging shall be used for the short term (less than 24 hours) to identify hazards until proper barricades or barriers are provided. • Heavy equipment shall have backup alarms.
	Forklift operations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained forklift operators. • The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift. • The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift. • Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Portable electric tools	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Portable electric tools that are unsafe due to faulty plugs, damaged cords, or other reasons, shall be tagged (do not use) and removed from service. • Portable electric tools and all cord and plug connected equipment shall be protected by a ground-fault circuit interrupter device. • Electrical tools shall be inspected daily prior to use.
	Extension cords	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extension cords that have faulty plugs, damaged insulation, or are unsafe in any way shall be removed from service. • Cords shall be protected from damage from sharp edges, projections, pinch points (doorways), and vehicular traffic. • Cords shall be suspended with a nonconductive support (rope, plastic ties, etc.). • Cords shall be designed for hard duty. • Cords shall be inspected daily.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 4 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment (continued)	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one. • Keep all body parts in contact with the ground as close as possible. • Remain 6 feet away from tree trunk if seeking shelter beneath tree(s). • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
	Thunderstorms, tornadoes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listen to radio or TV announcements for pending weather information. • Cease field activities during thunderstorm or tornado warnings. • Seek shelter. Do not try to outrun a tornado.
Surveying	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe boots when working in the field. • Provide adequate lighting in all work areas. • Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. • Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls. • Work areas will be kept clean and orderly. • Garbage and trash will be disposed of daily in approved refuse containers. • Tools and accessories will be properly maintained and stored. • Work areas and floors will be kept free of dirt, grease, and slippery materials.
	Traffic accidents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place physical barrier (i.e., barricades, fencing) around work areas regularly occupied by pedestrians. • If working adjacent to roadways, have workers wear fluorescent orange vests. • Use warning signs or lights to alert oncoming traffic. • Assign flag person(s) if necessary to direct local traffic. • Set up temporary parking locations outside the immediate work area. • Motor vehicle operators shall obey all posted traffic signs, signals, and speed limits. • Pedestrians have the right-of-way. • Wear seat belts when vehicles are in motion.
	Wildlife hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should be cautious when driving through the site in order to avoid encounters with passing animals.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 5 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Surveying (continued)	Biological hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When walking through overgrown grass areas, watch for snakes (rattlesnakes, moccasins, copperheads).
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear light-colored clothing (can see ticks better). • Mow vegetated and small brush areas. • Wear insect repellent. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
Groundwater Sampling	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Avoid skin contact with water. • Handle samples with care. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MSDSs shall be obtained for chemicals brought on site. • Label all containers as to contents.
	Strains/sprains	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use the proper tool for the job being performed. • Get assistance if needed. • Avoid twisting/turning while pulling on tools, moving equipment, etc.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 6 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Groundwater Sampling (continued)	Spills/residual materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Absorbent material and containers will be kept available where leaks or spills may occur.
	Lighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequate lighting will be provided to ensure a safe working environment.
	Unattended worker	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use "buddy system" - visual contact will be maintained with the sampling technician during sampling activities.
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. Only essential personnel will be in the work area. Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use care when handling glassware. Wear adequate hand protection.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe/shank boots when working in the field. Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workers shall inspect the work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas. Evaluate need for sensitive workers to have prescribed antibiotic or medicine to combat onset of symptoms.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Avoid plant areas if possible. Wear long sleeves and long pants. Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 7 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling (continued)	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40°F. • Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages. • Remove wet clothing promptly. • Take breaks in warm areas. • Reduce work periods as necessary. • Layer work clothing.
	Access/egress hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained bushhog operator. • Keep employees out of the bushhog work area. • Utilize good housekeeping practices. • Keep aiseways, pathways, and work areas free of obstruction. • Clean ice or snow off of walkways or work stations. • Use appropriate footwear for the task assigned.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep the skin clean and dry. • Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary. • Bathe at end of work shift or day. • Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty. • Provide cool fluid for work crews. • Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature). • Set up work/rest periods. • Use the buddy system. • Allow workers time to acclimate. • Have ice packs available for use. • Take frequent breaks.
	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate possibility of night work. • Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks. • Wear body cooling devices.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 8 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling (continued)	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one single tree. • Keep all body parts in contact with the ground as close as possible. • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
Moving and Shipping Collected Samples	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Beware of contact points. • Stay alert at all times!
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear adequate hand protection. Use care when handling glassware.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Label all containers as to contents and associated hazards.
Material Storage	Flammable and combustible liquids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Store in NO SMOKING AREA. • Fire extinguisher readily available. • Transfer only when properly grounded and bonded.
Disposal of Investigation-Derived Waste (IDW) (Forklift Operation)	Personnel injury, property damage, and/or equipment damage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained forklift operators. • The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift. • The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift. • Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 9 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Disposal of Investigation-Derived Waste (IDW) (Forklift Operation) (continued)	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. • Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good housekeeping shall be implemented. • The work area shall be kept clean as feasible. • Inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.
	Fueling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only approved safety cans shall be used to store fuel. • Do not refuel equipment while it is operating. • Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
	Faulty or damaged equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equipment shall be inspected before being placed into service and at the beginning of each shift. • Preventive maintenance procedures recommended by the manufacturer shall be followed. • A lockout/tagout procedure shall be used for equipment found to be faulty or undergoing maintenance.
	High-pressure water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Jetting gun operator must wear appropriate PPE including hard hat, impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields, water-resistant clothing, metatarsal guards for feet and legs, and hearing protection (if appropriate). • One standby person shall be available within the vicinity of the pump during jetting operation. • The work area shall be isolated and adequate barriers will be used to warn other site personnel.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 10 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations (continued)	Unqualified operators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only qualified and trained personnel are permitted to operate machinery and mechanized equipment associated with water jet cutting and cleaning.
	Out of control equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No machinery or equipment is permitted to run unattended. Machinery or equipment will not be operated in a manner that will endanger persons or property nor will the safe operating speeds or loads be exceeded.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sound levels above 85 dBA mandates hearing protection by nearby site personnel.
	Activation during repairs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All machinery or equipment will be shut down and positive means taken to prevent its operation while repairs or manual lubrications are being done.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. Stay alert and clear of materials suspended .
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hard hats are required by site personnel. Stay alert and clear of material suspended overhead.
	Flying debris	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields are required.
	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All site personnel will wear the appropriate PPE.
Hydropunch sampling	Faulty or damaged equipment being utilized to perform work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All machinery or mechanized equipment will be inspected by a competent mechanic and certified to be in safe operating condition. Equipment will be inspected before use and at the beginning of each shift. Faulty/unsafe equipment will be tagged and if possible locked out. Drill rigs shall be equipped with reverse signal alarm, backup warning lights, or the vehicle is backed up only when an observer signals it is safe to do so.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 11 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Hydropunch Sampling (continued)	Uneven terrain, poor ground support, inadequate clearances, contact with utilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspections or determinations of road conditions and structures shall be made in advance to ensure that clearances and load capacities are safe for the passage or placing of any machinery or equipment. • All mobile equipment and areas in which they are operated shall be adequately illuminated. • Whenever the equipment is parked, the parking brake shall be set. • Equipment parked on inclines will have the wheels chocked. • Inspect brakes and tire pressure on drill rig before staging for work. • Obtain trenching/drilling permit prior to operation.
	Inexperienced operator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Machinery and mechanized equipment shall be operated only by designated personnel. • Heavy equipment operators shall inform their supervisor(s) of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Jacks/outriggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure proper footing and cribbing.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove unsecured tools and materials before raising or lowering the derrick. • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Stay alert at all times!
	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized equipment shall be shut down prior to and during fueling operations. • Have fire extinguishers inspected and readily available.
	Fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personnel are not allowed to work off of machinery or use them as ladders. • Use fall protection when working above 6 feet.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hearing protection is mandatory above 85 dBA.
	Contact with rotating or reciprocating machine part	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use machine guards; use long-handled shovels to remove auger cuttings. • Use safe lockout procedures for maintenance work.

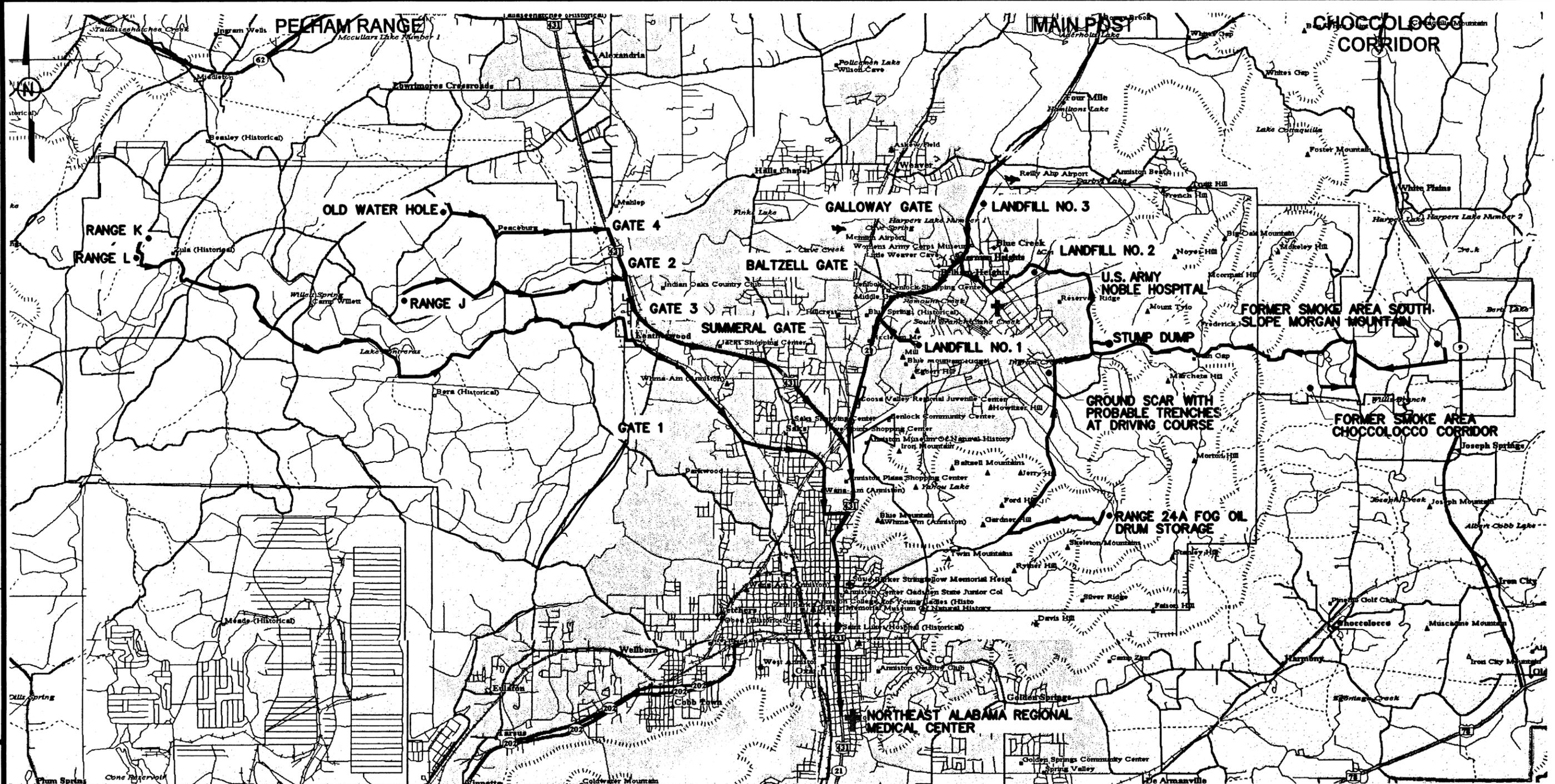
Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1300, Parcel 143(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 12 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Hydropunch Sampling (continued)	Heavy Lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use proper lifting techniques.• Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Practice good housekeeping; keep work area picked up and clean as feasible.• Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.
	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Real-time air monitoring will take place. If necessary, proper personal protective clothing and equipment will be utilized.

19 NOV 98 STARTING DATE: 8/26/98 DATE LAST: 14:07:49
 DRAFT, CHECK BY: ENGR. CHECK BY: A. MAYILA
 INITIATOR: A. MAYILA DWG. NO.: 74645es.218
 PROJ. MGR.: J. YACOUB PROJ. NO.: 774645

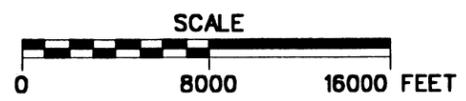


LEGEND:

- ROUTE TO NORTHEAST ALABAMA REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
- U.S. HIGHWAY
- HOSPITALS
- INVESTIGATION SITES

**FIGURE 1
 HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROUTES**

U. S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 MOBILE DISTRICT
 FORT McCLELLAN
 CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA
 Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018



FIRE DEPT. PHONE NUMBER: (205) 848-5936

NOT TO SCALE

**Final
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment
Site Investigation at the
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan
Calhoun County, Alabama
EPA ID No. AL7 210 020 562**

Prepared for:

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District
109 St. Joseph Street
Mobile, Alabama 36602**

Prepared by:

**IT Corporation
312 Directors Drive
Knoxville, Tennessee 37923**

**Delivery Order CK005
Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018
IT Project No. 774645**

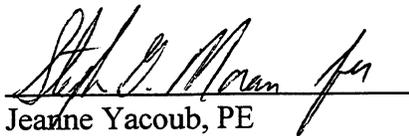
November 1998

Revision 1

This Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan must be used in conjunction with the Installation-Wide Safety and Health Plan, Fort McClellan, Alabama.

**Final
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment Approval
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

I have read and approve this site-specific safety and health plan attachment for the Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7) at Fort McClellan, Alabama, with respect to project hazards, regulatory requirements, and IT Corporation procedures.



Jeanne Yacoub, PE
Project Manager

11/24/98
Date



Michael Henderson, CIH
Health & Safety Manager

11/24/98
Date



Jeff Tarr
Site Coordinator

11/24/98
Date

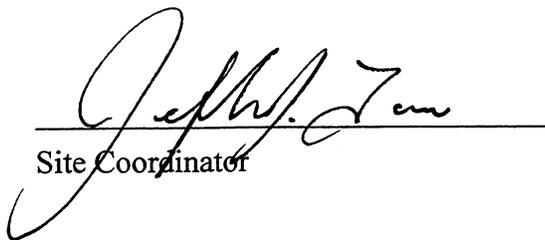
Acknowledgements

The final approved version of this site-specific safety and health plan (SSHP) attachment for the Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7) at Fort McClellan, Alabama, has been provided to the site coordinator. I acknowledge my responsibility to provide the site coordinator with the equipment, materials, and qualified personnel to implement fully all safety requirements in this SSHP attachment. I will formally review this plan with the health and safety staff every 6 months until project completion.


Project Manager

11/24/98
Date

I acknowledge receipt of this SSHP attachment from the project manager, and that it is my responsibility to explain its contents to all site personnel and cause these requirements to be fully implemented. Any change in conditions, scope of work, or other change that might affect worker safety requires me to notify the project manager and/or the health and safety manager.


Site Coordinator

11-24-98
Date

Fort McClellan Gate Hours

Baltzell Gate	Baltzell Road. Open 24 hours daily, 7 days a week.
---------------	---

Fort McClellan Project Emergency Contacts

Fire Department (on post).....	Ext. 17
Fire Department (off post)	(256) 820-1117
Ambulance (on post).....	Ext. 12
Ambulance (off post)	(256) 848-2315
Military Police (on post).....	Ext. 5-3821
Military Police (off post)	(256) 848-5555
Regional Medical Center	(256) 235-5121
Chemical Agent Emergencies.....	Ext. 17
UXO Emergencies	Ext. 17
UXO Nonemergencies/Reporting Only (Ronald Levy)	(256) 848-3758
National Response Center.....	(800) 424-8802
Poison Control Center.....	(800) 462-0800
EPA Region IV	(404) 562-8725
Ronald Levy, Chief, FTMC Environmental Management	(256) 848-3758
Ellis Pope, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.....	(334) 690-3077
Jeanne Yacoub, IT Project Manager	(423) 690-3211
Michael Henderson, IT H&S Manager	(423) 690-3211
Dr. Elaine Theriault, IT Occupational Physician.....	(800) 229-3674

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List of Acronyms

BZ	breathing zone
FTMC	Fort McClellan
PPE	personal protective equipment
SHP	installation-wide safety and health plan
SSHO	site safety and health officer
SSHP	site-specific safety and health plan

1.0 Site Work Plan Summary

Project Objective. The objective of this investigation at Fort McClellan (FTMC), Calhoun County, Alabama is to collect and analyze samples from the Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7) and compute the site relative risk.

Project Tasks

- Collect two surface soil samples.
- Collect two subsurface soil samples.
- Collect one sediment sample.
- Collect one surface water sample.
- Collect two groundwater samples.

Personnel Requirements. Up to ten employees.

Note: All personnel on this site shall have received training, informational programs, and medical surveillance as outlined in the installation-wide safety and health plan (SHP) for site investigations at FTMC, and be familiar with the requirements of this site-specific SHP (SSHP). This SSHP must be used in conjunction with the SHP.

2.0 Site Characterization and Analysis

2.1 Anticipated Hazards

The activity hazard analysis in Chapter 5.0 contains project-specific practices utilized to reduce or eliminate anticipated site hazards. The activity hazard analysis indicates specific chemical and physical hazards that may be present and encountered during each task from on-site operations. Below each task is a list of hazards and specific actions that will be taken to control the respective hazards. These control measures may include work practice controls, engineering controls, and/or use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

The Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7), is located in the northwest part of the Main Post, east of 3rd Avenue and north of 5th Street. The National Guard manages the washrack. The Washrack was constructed in 1941 and rebuilt in 1984. The Washrack consists of a vehicular wash area connected to an oil/water separator. The oil/water separator discharges to the sanitary sewer. The Washrack is no longer in use and does not have a water hook-up.

Table 2-1 contains the toxicological and physiological properties of chemicals anticipated or to be used at the Washrack, Building 1224 site.

2.2 General Site Information

Location of Site. The Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7) is located in the northwest part of the Main Post, east of 3rd Avenue and north of 5th Street.

Duration of Planned Employee Activity. Employee activity duration is 1 month.

Site Topography. Site elevation is approximately 756 feet, with ground sloping gently to the southwest.

Pathways for Hazardous Substance Dispersion. Possible pathways for hazardous substances in the area are groundwater, surface water, soils, and sediment.

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 6)

Substance [CAS]	IP* (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Benzene [71-43-2]	9.24	34-119	Inh Abs Ing Con	Irritates eyes, nose, respiratory system; giddiness; headache, nausea, staggered gait; fatigue, anorexia, lassitude; dermatitis; bone-marrow depression. Carcinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	1 ppm (10 ppm) NIC-0.1 skin 0.1 ppm	5 ppm C1 ppm (Ca)	PEL TLV REL	Ca [1,000 ppm]* *OSHA
Ethyl benzene [100-41-4]	8.76	0.09-0.6	Inh Ing Con	Irritates eyes, mucous membranes; headache; dermatitis; narcosis, coma.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm	125 ppm 125 ppm 125 ppm	PEL TLV REL	2,000 ppm
Fuel oil (diesel oil, medium)	?	?	Ing Inh Con	Ingestion causes nausea, vomiting, and cramps; depressed central nervous system, headache, coma, death; pulmonary irritation; kidney and liver damage; aspiration causes severe lung irritation, coughing, gagging, dyspnea, substernal stress, pulmonary edema; bronchopneumonia; excited, then depressed, central nervous system.	Eye: Irrigate promptly Skin: Soap wash Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention Aspiration: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Fuel Oil No. 1, see kerosene. [NA]								PEL TLV REL	

Table 2-1

Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
 Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
 Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

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Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Fuel Oil No. 2, see fuel oil. [NA]								PEL TLV REL	
Fuel Oils No. 4, 5, and 6 [NA]	?	?	Abs Con	Low toxicity; prolonged contact may produce systemic effects.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Kerosene	?	?	Inh Ing Con	Irritation to eyes, skin, nose, throat; burning sensation in chest; nausea; weakness; headache; confusion; drowsiness; vomiting; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 mg/m ³		PEL TLV REL	
Gasoline [8006-61-9]	?	0.3	Inh Ing Con	Intoxication, headaches, blurred vision, dizziness, nausea; eye, nose throat irritation; potential kidney and other cancers. Carcinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	300 ppm 300 ppm Ca, lowest feasible conc. (LOQ 15 ppm)	500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	?
n-Hexane [110-54-3]	10.18	65-248	Inh Ing Con	Lightheadedness; nausea, headache; numbness of the extremities, muscular weakness; irritation of the eyes and nose; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia; giddiness.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	50 ppm 50 ppm 50 ppm		PEL TLV REL	5,000 ppm

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Isopropyl alcohol (isopropanol) [67-63-0]	10.16	43-200	Inh Ing Con	Mild irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat; drowsi- ness, dizziness, headache; dry, cracked skin.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	400 ppm 400 ppm 400 ppm	500 ppm 500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	12,000 ppm
Lead [7439-92-1]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Weak, insomnia, facial pallor, constipated, abdominal pain, colic, anemia, irritated eyes, paralysis of wrists and ankles, encephalopathy.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	0.05 mg/m 0.05 mg/m 0.1 mg/m		PEL TLV REL	100 mg/m
Methanol	10.85	4.2-5960	Inh Abs Ing Con	Irritated eyes, headache, drowsiness, lightheadedness, nausea, vomiting, disturbance in vision, blindness.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Immediate medical attention		200 ppm (skin) 200 ppm (skin) 200 ppm	PEL TLV REL	25,000 ppm
Motor oil [NA]	?	?	Inh Ing	Irritated eyes, skin, respiratory system; usually only a problem if misted or ingested.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Naptha, see petroleum distillate									

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 4 of 6)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Nitric acid [7697-37-2]	11.95	0.3-1	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, mucous membranes, and skin; delayed pulmonary edema, pneumonitis, bronchitis; dental erosion.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	2 ppm 2 ppm 2 ppm	4 ppm 4 ppm 4 ppm	PEL TLV REL	100 ppm
Petroleum distillate (Naptha) [8002-05-9]	?	?	Con Ing	Coughing, dyspnea, nausea, or vomiting.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	400 ppm		PEL TLV REL	
Petroleum hydrocarbons, see Stoddard solvent									
Portland cement			Inh	Fine gray powder that can be irritating if inhaled or in eyes.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention		10 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ /total dust 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction	TLV PEL/REL	
Stoddard Solvent	?	?	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, nose, and throat; dizziness; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	500 ppm 350 mg/m ³		PEL TVL REL	20,000 mg/m ³

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 5 of 6)

Substance [CAS]	IP* (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Toluene [108-88-3]	8.82	0.16-37	Inh Abs Ing Con	Fatigue, weakness; con- fusion, euphoria, dizziness, headache; dilated pupils, lacrimation; nervousness, muscular fatigue, insomnia; paralysis; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 50 ppm (skin) 100 ppm	150 ppm 150 ppm	PEL TLV REL	2,000 ppm
Xylene (o-, m-, and p-isomers) [1330-20-7;95-47-6; 108-38-3;106-42-3]	8.56/ 8.56/ 8.44	1.1-20	Inh Abs Ing Con	Dizziness, excitement, drowsiness, incoordination, staggering gait; irritated eyes, nose, throat; corneal vacuolization; anorexia, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm	150 ppm 150 ppm 150 ppm	PEL TLV REL	1,000 ppm

*IP = Ionization potential (electron volts).

^bRoute = Inh, Inhalation; Abs, Skin absorption; Ing, Ingestion; Con, Skin and/or eye contact.

^cTWA = Time-weighted average. The TWA concentration for a normal work day (usually 8 or 10 hours) and a 40-hour work week, to which nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed, day after day without adverse effect.

^dSTEL = Short-term exposure limit. A 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday, even if the TWA is not exceeded.

^ePEL = Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) permissible exposure limit (29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z).

AEL = Airborne Exposure Limit.

TLV = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene (ACGIH) threshold limit value—TWA.

REL = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) recommended exposure limit.

^fIDLH (NIOSH)—Immediately dangerous to life or health (NIOSH). Represents the maximum concentration from which, in the event of respirator failure, one could escape within 30 minutes without a respirator and without experiencing any escape-impairing or irreversible health effects.

NE = No evidence could be found for the existence of an IDLH (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Pub., 1998).

C = Ceiling limit value which should not be exceeded at any time.

Ca = Carcinogen.

NA = Not applicable.

? = Unknown.

Table 2-1

Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7) Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

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LEL = Lower explosive limits.

LC₅₀ = Lethal concentration for 50 percent of population tested.

LD₅₀ = Lethal dose for 50 percent of population tested.

NIC = Notice of intended change (ACGIH).

References:

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Guide to Occupational Exposure Values, 1998, compiled by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

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Lewis, Richard J., Sr., 1992, Sax's Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 8th ed., Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York.

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National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Pocket Guide to Chemicals, Pub., 1998, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

Odor Threshold for Chemicals with Established Occupational Health Standards, American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1989.

Respirator Selection Guide, 3M Occupational Health and Safety Division, 1993.

Verschueren, K., Handbook of Environmental Data on Organic Chemicals, Van Nostrand and Reinhold, 1977.

Warning Properties of Industrial Chemicals—Occupational Health Resource Center, Oregon Lung Association.

Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels, American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1992.

3.0 Personal Protective Equipment

The work activities will begin in the following levels of protection. Also, a completed description of Level D, Modified Level D, and Level C PPE is provided.

Task	Initial Level of PPE
Staging equipment	Level D
Collecting samples	Modified Level D*

*Initial level will be raised to Level C or higher if air monitoring results in the worker's breathing zone (BZ) are greater than action levels.

Level D. The minimal level of protection that will be required of IT Corporation personnel at the site will be Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D protection:

- Coveralls or work clothing
- Leather work gloves (when necessary)
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Modified Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D-Modified protection:

- Permeable Tyvek, Kleenguard, or its equivalent (Saran-coated tyvek where chemical agents are anticipated)
- Latex boot covers
- Nitrile, heavy work, or latex gloves
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Note: In addition to modifying Level D PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the legs and feet.

Level C. Level C protection will not be used unless air monitoring data indicate the need for upgrade; however, the equipment shall be readily available on site. The following equipment will be used for Level C protection:

- National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health/Mine Safety and Health Administration-approved full-face, air-purifying respirators equipped with organic vapor/acid gas cartridge in combination with high-efficiency particulate air filter
- Hooded, Saran-coated Tyvek, taped at gloves, boots, and respirator
- Nitrile gloves (outer)
- Latex or lightweight nitrile gloves (inner)
- Neoprene steel-toed boots or polyvinyl chloride overbooties/steel-toed safety boots
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Note: In addition to Level C PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the legs and feet.

4.0 Site Monitoring

The potential environmental contaminants of concern resulting from the Washrack, Building 1224 operations are diesel fuels, benzene, ethyl benzene, toluene, xylene, and lead. Table 4-1 contains action levels for site monitoring at the Washrack, Building 1224.

Monitoring will be performed by the site safety and health officer (SSHO) during the performance of ground-intrusive operations. A calibrated flame ionization detector (i.e., OVA 128 or equivalent) organic vapor analyzer will be utilized to monitor the sampling locations and BZ to determine if any organic material may be present that would necessitate upgrading of protection level. A calibrated combustible gas/oxygen indicator will be utilized to monitor the sampling areas and BZ to determine if any combustible/flammable gases or oxygen levels may be present that would necessitate site evacuation. Table 4-2 contains the air monitoring frequency and location for site monitoring at the Washrack, Building 1224.

Table 4-1

**Action Levels
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 2)

When in Level C Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action ^a
VOHs	≥ 10 ppm above background in breathing zone (BZ)	Stop work, evacuate work area, upgrade to Level B.
Benzene	≥ 5 ppm in BZ	Stop work, evacuate work area, upgrade to Level B.
Oxygen	≥ 20%, <23% < 20%, >23%	Normal operations. Stop work, evacuate work area.
Flammable vapors	≥ 10% lower exposure limit (LEL) < 10% LEL	Stop work, evacuate work area. Continue operations, monitor for volatile organic compounds (VOC).

When in Level D Modified/D PPE

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action ^b
VOHs	≥ 5 ppm above background in BZ	Stop activities, suspend work activities for 15 to 30 minutes, if readings are sustained then upgrade to Level C PPE.
Benzene	1 ppm in BZ	Upgrade to Level C PPE.
Oxygen	≥ 20%, <23% < 20%, >23%	Normal operations. Stop work, evacuate work area.
Flammable vapors	≥ 10% LEL < 10% LEL	Stop work, evacuate work area. Continue operations, monitor for VOCs.

Table 4-1

**Action Levels
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 2)

When in Support Zone

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action
VOHs	≥ 1 ppm above background in BZ	Evacuate support zone and re-establish perimeter of exclusion zone.

^a Four instantaneous peaks in any 15-minute period or a sustained reading for 5 minutes in excess of the action level will trigger a response.

^b Contact with the H&S manager must be made prior to continuance of work. The H&S manager may then initiate perimeter/integrated air sampling along with additional engineering controls.

No one is permitted to downgrade levels of PPE without authorization from the H&S manager.

Table 4-2

**Air Monitoring Frequency and Location
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

Work Activity	Instrument	Frequency	Location
Staging equipment	OV Monitor	Initially for area	Breathing zone (BZ) of employees
Sampling (groundwater, surface water, sediment, and soil)	OV Monitor LEL/O ₂ Monitor	Continuously Continuously	BZ of employees Support zone

OV = Organic vapor.

LEL/O₂ = Lower explosive level/oxygen.

5.0 Activity Hazard Analysis

The attached activity hazard analysis (Table 5-1) is provided for the following activities:

- Setup of equipment and general field activities
- Soil, sediment, groundwater, and surface water sampling.

All injuries and illnesses must be immediately reported to the site manager or the SSHO, who will then notify off-site personnel and organizations as necessary.

If hospital care must be provided, the victim shall be treated at Northeast Regional Medical Center. Directions to the hospital are provided in Figure 1-1.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine best access route before transporting equipment. • Practice good housekeeping; keep work area picked up and clean as feasible. • Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards. • Look before you step; ensure safe and secure footing.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead; wear hard hat and steel-toed boots.
	Flying debris, dirt, dust, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear safety glasses/goggles; ensure that eye wash is in proper working condition.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Beware of contact points. • Stay alert at all times!
	Cuts/bruises	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use cotton or leather work gloves for material handling.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas.
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear light colored clothing (can see ticks better). • Mow vegetated and small brush areas. • Wear insect repellent. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Label all containers as to contents and dispose of properly. • Ensure Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available for hazardous chemicals used on site.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment (continued)	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sound levels above 85 decibels (dBA) mandates hearing protection.
	Lighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate lighting will be provided to ensure a safe working environment.
	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40 degrees Fahrenheit (°F). • Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages. • Remove wet clothing promptly. • Take breaks in warm areas. • Reduce work periods as necessary. • Layer work clothing.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep the skin clean and dry. • Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary. • Bathe at end of work shift or day. • Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty. • Provide cool fluid for work crews. • Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature). • Set up work/rest periods. • Use the "buddy system." • Allow workers time to acclimate. • Have ice packs available for use. • Take frequent breaks.
	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate possibility of night work. • Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks. • Wear body cooling devices.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 3 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment (continued)	Contact with moving equipment/vehicles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work area will be barricaded/demarcated. • Equipment will be laid out in an area free of traffic flow. • Barricades shall be used on or around work areas when it is necessary to prevent the inadvertent intrusion of pedestrian traffic. • Barriers shall be used to protect workers from vehicular traffic. • Barriers shall be used to guard excavations adjacent to streets or roadways. • Flagging shall be used for the short term (less than 24 hours) to identify hazards until proper barricades or barriers are provided. • Heavy equipment shall have backup alarms.
	Forklift operations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained forklift operators. • The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift. • The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift. • Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Portable electric tools	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Portable electric tools that are unsafe due to faulty plugs, damaged cords, or other reasons, shall be tagged (do not use) and removed from service. • Portable electric tools and all cord and plug connected equipment shall be protected by a ground-fault circuit interrupter device. • Electrical tools shall be inspected daily prior to use.
	Extension cords	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extension cords that have faulty plugs, damaged insulation, or are unsafe in any way shall be removed from service. • Cords shall be protected from damage from sharp edges, projections, pinch points (doorways), and vehicular traffic. • Cords shall be suspended with a nonconductive support (rope, plastic ties, etc.). • Cords shall be designed for hard duty. • Cords shall be inspected daily.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 4 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment (continued)	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one. • Keep all body parts in contact with the ground as close as possible. • Remain 6 feet away from tree trunk if seeking shelter beneath tree(s). • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
	Thunderstorms, tornadoes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listen to radio or TV announcements for pending weather information. • Cease field activities during thunderstorm or tornado warnings. • Seek shelter. Do not try to outrun a tornado.
Surveying	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe boots when working in the field. • Provide adequate lighting in all work areas. • Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. • Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls. • Work areas will be kept clean and orderly. • Garbage and trash will be disposed of daily in approved refuse containers. • Tools and accessories will be properly maintained and stored. • Work areas and floors will be kept free of dirt, grease, and slippery materials.
	Traffic accidents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place physical barrier (i.e., barricades, fencing) around work areas regularly occupied by pedestrians. • If working adjacent to roadways, have workers wear fluorescent orange vests. • Use warning signs or lights to alert oncoming traffic. • Assign flag person(s) if necessary to direct local traffic. • Set up temporary parking locations outside the immediate work area. • Motor vehicle operators shall obey all posted traffic signs, signals, and speed limits. • Pedestrians have the right-of-way. • Wear seat belts when vehicles are in motion.
	Wildlife hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should be cautious when driving through the site in order to avoid encounters with passing animals.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 5 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Surveying (continued)	Biological hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Walking through overgrown grass areas, watch for snakes (rattlesnakes, moccasins, copperheads).
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear light colored clothing (can see ticks better). • Mow vegetated and small brush areas. • Wear insect repellent. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Poison Ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
Groundwater Sampling	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Avoid skin contact with water. • Handle samples with care. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MSDSs shall be obtained for chemicals brought on site. • Label all containers as to contents.
	Strains/sprains	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use the proper tool for the job being performed. • Get assistance if needed. • Avoid twisting/turning while pulling on tools, moving equipment, etc.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 6 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Groundwater Sampling (continued)	Spills/residual materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Absorbent material and containers will be kept available where leaks or spills may occur.
	Lighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequate lighting will be provided to ensure a safe working environment.
	Unattended worker	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use "buddy system" - visual contact will be maintained with the sampling technician during sampling activities.
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. Only essential personnel will be in the work area. Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use care when handling glassware. Wear adequate hand protection.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe/shank boots when working in the field. Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workers shall inspect the work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas. Evaluate need for sensitive workers to have prescribed antibiotic or medicine to combat onset of symptoms.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Avoid plant areas if possible. Wear long sleeves and long pants. Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 7 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling (continued)	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40°F. • Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages. • Remove wet clothing promptly. • Take breaks in warm areas. • Reduce work periods as necessary. • Layer work clothing.
	Access/egress hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained bushhog operator. • Keep employees out of the bushhog work area. • Utilize good housekeeping practices. • Keep aisleways, pathways, and work areas free of obstruction. • Clean ice or snow off of walkways or work stations. • Use appropriate footwear for the task assigned.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep the skin clean and dry. • Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary. • Bathe at end of work shift or day. • Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty. • Provide cool fluid for work crews. • Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature). • Set up work/rest periods. • Use the buddy system. • Allow workers time to acclimate. • Have ice packs available for use. • Take frequent breaks.
	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate possibility of night work. • Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks. • Wear body cooling devices.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 8 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling (continued)	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one single tree. • Keep all body parts in contact with the ground as close as possible. • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
Surface Water/Sediment Sampling	Drowning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal flotation devices (PFD) will be provided and worn by workers over or near water where the danger of drowning exists. • PFDs shall be inspected prior to and after each use. • Detective PFDs will be tagged and removed from service. • Ring buoys with at least 90 feet of line shall be provided and readily available at locations where employees are working over or adjacent to water. • Use the "buddy system." • Personnel trained in launching and operating the skiff shall be readily available during work hours.
Moving and Shipping Collected Samples	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Beware of contact points. • Stay alert at all times!
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear adequate hand protection. Use care when handling glassware.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Label all containers as to contents and associated hazards.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 9 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Material Storage	Flammable and combustible liquids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Store in NO SMOKING AREA. • Fire extinguisher readily available. • Transfer only when properly grounded and bonded.
Disposal of Investigation-Derived Waste (IDW) (Forklift Operation)	Personnel injury, property damage, and/or equipment damage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained forklift operators. • The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift. • The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift. • Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. • Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good housekeeping shall be implemented. • The work area shall be kept clean as feasible. • Inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 10 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations (continued)	Fueling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only approved safety cans shall be used to store fuel. • Do not refuel equipment while it is operating. • Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
	Faulty or damaged equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equipment shall be inspected before being placed into service and at the beginning of each shift. • Preventive maintenance procedures recommended by the manufacturer shall be followed. • A lockout/tagout procedure shall be used for equipment found to be faulty or undergoing maintenance.
	High-pressure water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Jetting gun operator must wear appropriate PPE including hard hat, impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields, water-resistant clothing, metatarsal guards for feet and legs, and hearing protection (if appropriate). • One standby person shall be available within the vicinity of the pump during jetting operation. • The work area shall be isolated and adequate barriers will be used to warn other site personnel.
	Unqualified operators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only qualified and trained personnel are permitted to operate machinery and mechanized equipment associated with water jet cutting and cleaning.
	Out of control equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No machinery or equipment is permitted to run unattended. • Machinery or equipment will not be operated in a manner that will endanger persons or property nor will the safe operating speeds or loads be exceeded.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sound levels above 85 dBA mandates hearing protection by nearby site personnel.
	Activation during repairs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All machinery or equipment will be shut down and positive means taken to prevent its operation while repairs or manual lubrications are being done.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended .
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hard hats are required by site personnel. • Stay alert and clear of material suspended overhead.
	Flying debris	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields are required.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 11 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations (continued)	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All site personnel will wear the appropriate PPE.
Hydropunch Sampling	Faulty or damaged equipment being utilized to perform work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All machinery or mechanized equipment will be inspected by a competent mechanic and certified to be in safe operating condition. • Equipment will be inspected before use and at the beginning of each shift. • Faulty/unsafe equipment will be tagged and if possible locked out. • Drill rigs shall be equipped with reverse signal alarm, backup warning lights, or the vehicle is backed up only when an observer signals it is safe to do so.
	Uneven terrain, poor ground support, inadequate clearances, contact with utilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspections or determinations of road conditions and structures shall be made in advance to ensure that clearances and load capacities are safe for the passage or placing of any machinery or equipment. • All mobile equipment and areas in which they are operated shall be adequately illuminated. • Whenever the equipment is parked, the parking brake shall be set. • Equipment parked on inclines will have the wheels chocked. • Inspect brakes and tire pressure on drill rig before staging for work. • Obtain trenching/drilling permit prior to operation.
	Inexperienced operator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Machinery and mechanized equipment shall be operated only by designated personnel. • Heavy equipment operators shall inform their supervisor(s) of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Jacks/outriggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure proper footing and cribbling.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove unsecured tools and materials before raising or lowering the derrick. • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Stay alert at all times!
	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized equipment shall be shut down prior to and during fueling operations. • Have fire extinguishers inspected and readily available.

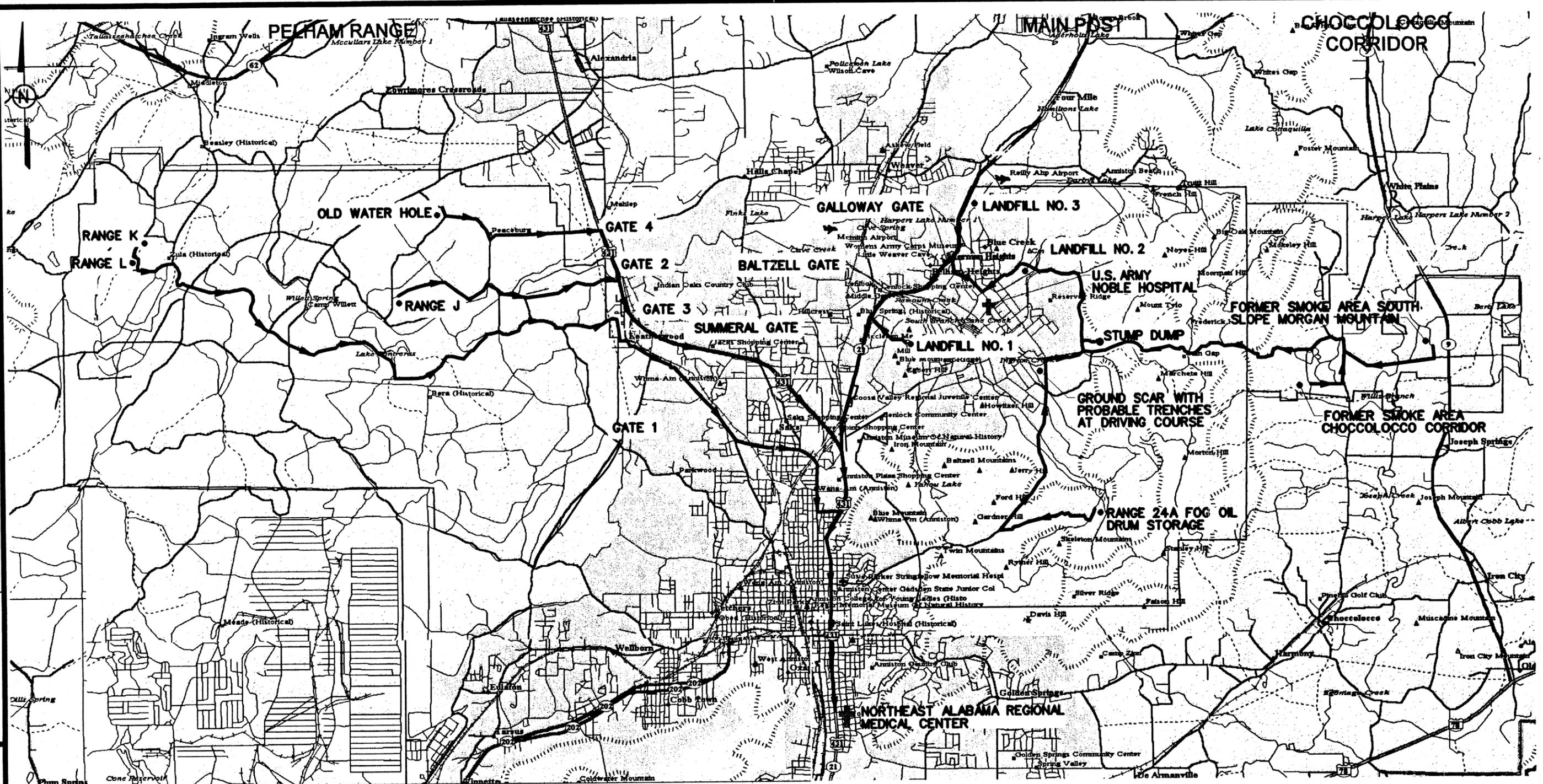
Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Washrack, Building 1224, Parcel 168(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 12 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Hydropunch Sampling (continued)	Fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Personnel are not allowed to work off of machinery or use them as ladders.• Use fall protection when working above 6 feet.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hearing protection is mandatory above 85 dBA.
	Contact with rotating or reciprocating machine part	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use machine guards; use long-handled shovels to remove auger cuttings.• Safe lockout procedures for maintenance work.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Practice good housekeeping; keep work area picked up and clean as feasible.• Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.
	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Real-time air monitoring will take place. If necessary, proper personal protective clothing and equipment will be utilized.

19 NOV 98 STARTING DATE: 8/26/98 DATE LAST F. DRAFT: CHK. BY: A. MAYILA PROJ. MGR.: J. YACOBUS
 14:07:49 DRAWN BY: D. BILLINGSLEY PROJ. NO.: 774645
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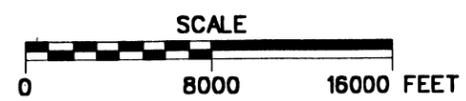


LEGEND:

- ROUTE TO NORTHEAST ALABAMA REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
- U.S. HIGHWAY
- HOSPITALS
- INVESTIGATION SITES

**FIGURE 1
 HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROUTES**

U. S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 MOBILE DISTRICT
 FORT McLELLAN
 CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA
 Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018



FIRE DEPT. PHONE NUMBER: (205) 848-5936

NOT TO SCALE

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**Final
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment
Site Investigation at the
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound
Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan
Calhoun County, Alabama
EPA ID No. AL7 210 020 562**

Prepared for:

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District
109 St. Joseph Street
Mobile, Alabama 36602**

Prepared by:

**IT Corporation
312 Directors Drive
Knoxville, Tennessee 37923**

**Delivery Order CK005
Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018
IT Project No. 774645**

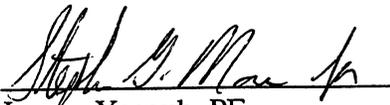
November 1998

Revision 1

This Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan must be used in conjunction with the Installation-Wide Safety and Health Plan, Fort McClellan, Alabama.

Final
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment Approval
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

I have read and approve this site-specific safety and health plan attachment for the Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7) at Fort McClellan, Alabama, with respect to project hazards, regulatory requirements, and IT Corporation procedures.



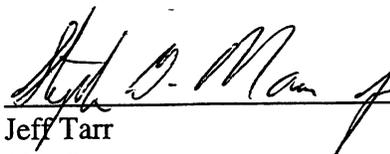
Jeanne Yacoub, PE
Project Manager

11/24/98
Date



Michael Henderson, CH
Health & Safety Manager

11/24/98
Date



Jeff Tarr
Site Coordinator

11/24/98
Date

Acknowledgements

The final approved version of this site-specific safety and health plan (SSHP) attachment for the Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7) at Fort McClellan, Alabama has been provided to the site coordinator. I acknowledge my responsibility to provide the site coordinator with the equipment, materials, and qualified personnel to implement fully all safety requirements in this SSHP attachment. I will formally review this plan with the health and safety staff every 6 months until project completion.



Project Manager

11/24/98
Date

I acknowledge receipt of this SSHP attachment from the project manager, and that it is my responsibility to explain its contents to all site personnel and cause these requirements to be fully implemented. Any change in conditions, scope of work, or other change that might affect worker safety requires me to notify the project manager and/or the health and safety manager.



Site Coordinator

11-24-98
Date

Fort McClellan Gate Hours

Baltzell Gate	Baltzell Road. Open 24 hours daily, 7 days a week.
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Fort McClellan Project Emergency Contacts

Fire Department (on post)Ext. 17
Fire Department (off post)..... (256) 820-1117
Ambulance (on post)Ext. 12
Ambulance (off post) (256) 848-2315
Military Police (on post)..... Ext. 5-3821
Military Police (off post)..... (256) 848-5555
Regional Medical Center..... (256) 235-5121
Chemical Agent EmergenciesExt. 17
UXO Emergencies.....Ext. 17
UXO Nonemergencies/Reporting Only (Ronald Levy) (256) 848-3758
National Response Center (800) 424-8802
Poison Control Center (800) 462-0800
EPA Region IV..... (404) 562-8725
Ronald Levy, Chief, FTMC Environmental Management..... (256) 848-3758
Ellis Pope, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (334) 690-3077
Jeanne Yacoub, IT Project Manager (423) 690-3211
Michael Henderson, IT H&S Manager (423) 690-3211
Dr. Elaine Theriault, IT Occupational Physician (800) 229-3674

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List of Acronyms

BZ	breathing zone
EBS	environmental baseline survey
FTMC	Fort McClellan
PPE	personal protective equipment
SHP	installation-wide safety and health plan
SSHO	site safety and health officer
SSHP	site-specific safety and health plan

1.0 Site Work Plan Summary

Project Objective. The objective of this investigation at Fort McClellan (FTMC), Calhoun County, Alabama is to collect and analyze samples from the Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7) and compute the site relative risk.

Project Tasks

- Collect 15 surface soil samples.
- Collect 14 subsurface soil samples.
- Collect one sediment sample.
- Collect one depositional soil sample.
- Collect one surface water sample.
- Collect six groundwater samples.

Personnel Requirements. Up to ten employees.

Note: All personnel on this site shall have received training, informational programs, and medical surveillance as outlined in the installation-wide safety and health plan (SHP) for site investigations at FTMC, and be familiar with the requirements of this site-specific SHP (SSHP). This SSHP must be used in conjunction with the SHP.

2.0 Site Characterization and Analysis

2.1 Anticipated Hazards

The activity hazard analysis in Chapter 5.0 contains project-specific practices utilized to reduce or eliminate anticipated site hazards. The activity hazard analysis indicates specific chemical and physical hazards that may be present and encountered during each task from on-site operations. Below each task is a list of hazards and specific actions that will be taken to control the respective hazards. These control measures may include work practice controls, engineering controls, and/or use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

The National Guard Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound is located on 5th Street at Building 1378. The compound is fenced and access is restricted. Built in 1978 and originally used for boat storage, this compound was redesigned for weapons storage in the late 1980s. Weapons are cleaned with Safety Kleen[®] and stored here. No evidence of a release at this location was discovered during the environmental baseline survey (EBS). During the EBS visual site inspection, a flammable materials storage shed (Building 1377) was observed.

Table 2-1 contains the toxicological and physiological properties of chemicals anticipated or to be used at the Former Motor Pool Area 600 site.

2.2 General Site Information

Location and Approximate Size of Site. The Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound is located on 5th Street at Building 1378. The size of the site is approximately 1 acre.

Duration of Planned Employee Activity. Employee activity duration is 1 month.

Site Topography. Site elevation is approximately 752 feet.

Pathways for Hazardous Substance Dispersion. Possible pathways for hazardous substances in the area are soils.

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 6)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Acetone [67-64-1]	9.7	13-100	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, nose, and throat; headache, dizziness; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	750 ppm 750 ppm 250 ppm	1,000 ppm 1,000 ppm	PEL TLV REL	20,000 ppm
Benzene [71-43-2]	9.24	34-119	Inh Abs Ing Con	Irritates eyes, nose, respiratory system; giddiness; headache, nausea, staggered gait; fatigue, anorexia, lassitude; dermatitis; bone-marrow depression. Carcinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	1 ppm (10 ppm) NIC-0.1 skin 0.1 ppm	5 ppm C1 ppm (Ca)	PEL TLV REL	Ca [1,000 ppm]* *OSHA
Ethyl benzene [100-41-4]	8.76	0.09-0.6	Inh Ing Con	Irritates eyes, mucous membranes; headache; dermatitis; narcosis, coma.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm	125 ppm 125 ppm 125 ppm	PEL TLV REL	2,000 ppm
Fuel oil (diesel oil, medium)	?	?	Ing Inh Con	Ingestion causes nausea, vomiting, and cramps; depressed central nervous system, headache, coma, death; pulmonary irritation; kidney and liver damage; aspiration causes severe lung irritation, coughing, gagging, dyspnea, substernal stress, pulmonary edema; bronchopneumonia; excited, then depressed, central nervous system.	Eye: Irrigate promptly Skin: Soap wash Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention Aspiration: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 6)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Fuel Oil No. 1, see kerosene. [NA]								PEL TLV REL	
Fuel Oil No. 2, see fuel oil. [NA]								PEL TLV REL	
Fuel Oils No. 4, 5, and 6 [NA]	?	?	Abs Con	Low toxicity; prolonged contact may produce systemic effects.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Kerosene	?	?	Inh Ing Con	Irritation to eyes, skin, nose, throat; burning sensation in chest; nausea; weakness; headache; confusion; drowsiness; vomiting; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 mg/m ³		PEL TLV REL	
Gasoline [8006-61-9]	?	0.3	Inh Ing Con	Intoxication, headaches, blurred vision, dizziness, nausea; eye, nose throat irritation; potential kidney and other cancers. Car- cinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	300 ppm 300 ppm Ca, lowest feasible conc. (LOQ 15 ppm)	500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	?

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 3 of 6)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
n-Hexane [110-54-3]	10.18	65-248	Inh Ing Con	Lightheadedness; nausea, headache; numbness of the extremities, muscular weakness; irritation of the eyes and nose; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia; giddiness.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	50 ppm 50 ppm 50 ppm		PEL TLV REL	5,000 ppm
Isopropyl alcohol (isopropanol) [67-63-0]	10.16	43-200	Inh Ing Con	Mild irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat; drowsiness, dizziness, headache; dry, cracked skin.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	400 ppm 400 ppm 400 ppm	500 ppm 500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	12,000 ppm
Lead [7439-92-1]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Weak, insomnia, facial pallor, constipated, abdominal pain, colic, anemia, irritated eyes, paralysis of wrists and ankles, encephalopathy.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	0.05 mg/m 0.05 mg/m 0.1 mg/m		PEL TLV REL	100 mg/m
Methyl ethyl ketone [78-93-3]	9.54	2-85	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes and nose; headache, dizziness; vomiting.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Immediate medical attention	200 ppm 200 ppm 200 ppm	300 ppm 300 ppm 300 ppm	PEL TLV REL	3,000 ppm
Motor oil [NA]	?	?	Inh Ing	Irritated eyes, skin, respiratory system; usually only a problem if misted or ingested.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 mins) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Naptha, see petroleum distillate									

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 4 of 6)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Nitric acid [7697-37-2]	11.95	0.3-1	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, mucous membranes, and skin; delayed pulmonary edema, pneumonitis, bronchitis; dental erosion.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	2 ppm 2 ppm 2 ppm	4 ppm 4 ppm 4 ppm	PEL TLV REL	100 ppm
Petroleum distillate (Naptha) [8002-05-9]	?	?	Con Ing	Coughing, dyspnea, nausea, or vomiting.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	400 ppm		PEL TLV REL	
Petroleum hydrocarbons, see Stoddard solvent									
Portland cement			Inh	Fine gray powder that can be irritating if inhaled or in eyes.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention		10 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ /total dust 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction	TLV PEL/REL	
Sodium hydroxide [1310-73-2]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Irritated nose; pneumonitis; burns eyes, and skin; temporary loss of hair.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention		C2 mg/m ³ C2 mg/m ³ C2 mg/m ³	PEL TLV REL	250 mg/m ³

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 5 of 6)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Stoddard Solvent	?	?	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, nose, and throat; dizziness; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	500 ppm 350 mg/m ³		PEL TVL REL	20,000 mg/m ³
Toluene [108-88-3]	8.82	0.16-37	Inh Abs Ing Con	Fatigue, weakness; confusion, euphoria, dizziness, headache; dilated pupils, lacrimation; nervousness, muscular fatigue, insomnia; paralysis; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 50 ppm (skin) 100 ppm	150 ppm 150 ppm	PEL TLV REL	2,000 ppm
Xylene (o-, m-, and p-isomers) [1330-20-7;95-47-6; 108-38-3;106-42-3]	8.56/ 8.56/ 8.44	1.1-20	Inh Abs Ing Con	Dizziness, excitement, drowsiness, incoordination, staggering gait; irritated eyes, nose, throat; corneal vacuolization; anorexia, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm	150 ppm 150 ppm 150 ppm	PEL TLV REL	1,000 ppm

^aIP = Ionization potential (electron volts).

^bRoute = Inh, Inhalation; Abs, Skin absorption; Ing, Ingestion; Con, Skin and/or eye contact.

^cTWA = Time-weighted average. The TWA concentration for a normal work day (usually 8 or 10 hours) and a 40-hour work week, to which nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed, day after day without adverse effect.

^dSTEL = Short-term exposure limit. A 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday, even if the TWA is not exceeded.

^ePEL = Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) permissible exposure limit (29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z).

AEL = Airborne Exposure Limit.

TLV = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene (ACGIH) threshold limit value—TWA.

Table 2-1

Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7) Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

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REL = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) recommended exposure limit.

¹IDLH (NIOSH)—Immediately dangerous to life or health (NIOSH). Represents the maximum concentration from which, in the event of respirator failure, one could escape within 30 minutes without a respirator and without experiencing any escape-impairing or irreversible health effects.

NE = No evidence could be found for the existence of an IDLH (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Pub., 1998).

C = Ceiling limit value which should not be exceeded at any time.

Ca = Carcinogen.

NA = Not applicable.

? = Unknown.

LEL = Lower explosive limits.

LC₅₀ = Lethal concentration for 50 percent of population tested.

LD₅₀ = Lethal dose for 50 percent of population tested.

NIC = Notice of intended change (ACGIH).

References:

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Odor Threshold for Chemicals with Established Occupational Health Standards, American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1989.

Respirator Selection Guide, 3M Occupational Health and Safety Division, 1993.

Verschuseren, K., Handbook of Environmental Data on Organic Chemicals, Van Nostrand and Reinhold, 1977.

Warning Properties of Industrial Chemicals—Occupational Health Resource Center, Oregon Lung Association.

Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels, American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1992.

3.0 Personal Protective Equipment

The work activities will begin in the following levels of protection. Also, a completed description of Level D, Modified Level D, and Level C PPE is provided.

Task	Initial Level of PPE
Staging equipment	Level D
Collecting samples	Modified Level D*

*Initial level will be raised to Level C or higher if air monitoring results in the worker's breathing zone (BZ) are greater than action levels.

Level D. The minimal level of protection that will be required of IT Corporation personnel at the site will be Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D protection:

- Coveralls or work clothing
- Leather work gloves (when necessary)
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Modified Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D-Modified protection:

- Permeable Tyvek, Kleenguard, or its equivalent (Saran-coated tyvek where chemical agents are anticipated)
- Latex boot covers
- Nitrile, heavy work, or latex gloves
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Note: In addition to modifying Level D PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the legs and feet.

Level C. Level C protection will not be used unless air monitoring data indicate the need for upgrade; however, the equipment shall be readily available on site. The following equipment will be used for Level C protection:

- National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health/Mine Safety and Health Administration-approved full-face, air-purifying respirators equipped with organic vapor/acid gas cartridge in combination with high-efficiency particulate air filter
- Hooded, Saran-coated Tyvek, taped at gloves, boots, and respirator
- Nitrile gloves (outer)
- Latex or lightweight nitrile gloves (inner)
- Neoprene steel-toed boots or polyvinyl chloride overbooties/steel-toed safety boots
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Note: In addition to Level C PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the legs and feet.

4.0 Site Monitoring

The environmental contaminants of concern resulting from Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound operations are diesel fuels, benzene, ethyl benzene, toluene, xylene, and lead. Table 4-1 contains action levels for site monitoring at the Compound.

Monitoring will be performed by the site safety and health officer (SSHO) during the performance of ground-intrusive operations. A calibrated flame ionization detector (i.e., OVA 128 or equivalent) organic vapor analyzer will be utilized to monitor the sampling locations and BZ to determine if any organic material may be present that would necessitate upgrading of protection level. A calibrated combustible gas/oxygen monitor will be utilized to monitor the sampling locations and BZ to determine if combustible/flammable gases or oxygen levels may be present that would necessitate evacuation of the site. Table 4-2 contains the air monitoring frequency and location for site monitoring at the Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound.

Table 4-1

**Action Levels
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 2)

When in Level C Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action ^a
VOHs	≥ 10 ppm above background in breathing zone (BZ)	Stop work, evacuate work area, upgrade to Level B.
Benzene	≥ 5 ppm in BZ	Stop work, evacuate work area, upgrade to Level B.
Oxygen	≥ 20%, <23% < 20%, >23%	Normal operations. Stop work, evacuate work area.
Flammable vapors	≥ 10% lower exposure limit (LEL) ≥ LEL < 10% LEL	Stop work, evacuate work area. Continue operations, monitor for volatile organic compounds (VOC).

When in Level D Modified/D PPE

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action ^b
VOHs	≥ 5 ppm above background in BZ	Stop activities, suspend work activities for 15 to 30 minutes, if readings are sustained then upgrade to Level C PPE.
Benzene	1 ppm in BZ	Upgrade to Level C PPE.
Oxygen	≥ 20%, <23% < 20%, >23%	Normal operations. Stop work, evacuate work area.
Flammable vapors	≥ 10% LEL < 10% LEL	Stop work, evacuate work area. Continue operations, monitor for VOCs.

Table 4-1

**Action Levels
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 2)

When in Support Zone

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action
VOHs	≥ 1 ppm above background in BZ	Evacuate support zone and re-establish perimeter of exclusion zone.

^a Four instantaneous peaks in any 15-minute period or a sustained reading for 5 minutes in excess of the action level will trigger a response.

^b Contact with the H&S manager must be made prior to continuance of work. The H&S manager may then initiate perimeter/integrated air sampling along with additional engineering controls.

No one is permitted to downgrade levels of PPE without authorization from the H&S manager.

Table 4-2

**Air Monitoring Frequency and Location
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

Work Activity	Instrument	Frequency	Location
Staging equipment	OV Monitor	Initially for area	Breathing zone (BZ) of employees
Sampling (groundwater and soil)	OV Monitor LEL/O ₂ Monitor	Continuously Continuously	BZ of employees Support zone

OV = Organic vapor.

LEL/O₂ = Lower explosive level/oxygen.

5.0 Activity Hazard Analysis

The attached activity hazard analysis (Table 5-1) is provided for the following activities:

- Setup of equipment and general field activities
- Soil sampling.

All injuries and illnesses must be immediately reported to the site manager or the SSHO, who will then notify off-site personnel and organizations as necessary.

If hospital care must be provided, the victim shall be treated at Northeast Regional Medical Center. Directions to the hospital are provided in Figure 1-1.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine best access route before transporting equipment. • Practice good housekeeping; keep work area picked up and clean as feasible. • Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards. • Look before you step; ensure safe and secure footing.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead; wear hard hat and steel-toed boots.
	Flying debris, dirt, dust, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear safety glasses/goggles; ensure that eye wash is in proper working condition.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Beware of contact points. • Stay alert at all times!
	Cuts/bruises	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use cotton or leather work gloves for material handling.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas.
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear light colored clothing (can see ticks better). • Mow vegetated and small brush areas. • Wear insect repellent. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Label all containers as to contents and dispose of properly. • Ensure Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available for hazardous chemicals used on site. 	

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment (continued)	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sound levels above 85 decibels (dBA) mandates hearing protection.
	Lighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate lighting will be provided to ensure a safe working environment.
	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40 degrees Fahrenheit (°F). • Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages. • Remove wet clothing promptly. • Take breaks in warm areas. • Reduce work periods as necessary. • Layer work clothing.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep the skin clean and dry. • Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary. • Bathe at end of work shift or day. • Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty. • Provide cool fluid for work crews. • Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature). • Set up work/rest periods. • Use the "buddy system." • Allow workers time to acclimate. • Have ice packs available for use. • Take frequent breaks.
	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate possibility of night work. • Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks. • Wear body cooling devices.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment (continued)	Contact with moving equipment/vehicles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work area will be barricaded/demarcated. • Equipment will be laid out in an area free of traffic flow. • Barricades shall be used on or around work areas when it is necessary to prevent the inadvertent intrusion of pedestrian traffic. • Barriers shall be used to protect workers from vehicular traffic. • Barriers shall be used to guard excavations adjacent to streets or roadways. • Flagging shall be used for the short term (less than 24 hours) to identify hazards until proper barricades or barriers are provided. • Heavy equipment shall have backup alarms.
	Forklift operations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained forklift operators. • The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift. • The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift. • Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Portable electric tools	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Portable electric tools that are unsafe due to faulty plugs, damaged cords, or other reasons, shall be tagged (do not use) and removed from service. • Portable electric tools and all cord and plug connected equipment shall be protected by a ground-fault circuit interrupter device. • Electrical tools shall be inspected daily prior to use.
	Extension cords	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extension cords that have faulty plugs, damaged insulation, or are unsafe in any way shall be removed from service. • Cords shall be protected from damage from sharp edges, projections, pinch points (doorways), and vehicular traffic. • Cords shall be suspended with a nonconductive support (rope, plastic ties, etc.). • Cords shall be designed for hard duty. • Cords shall be inspected daily.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 4 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging Equipment (continued)	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one. • Keep all body parts in contact with the ground as close as possible. • Remain 6 feet away from tree trunk if seeking shelter beneath tree(s). • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
	Thunderstorms, tornadoes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listen to radio or TV announcements for pending weather information. • Cease field activities during thunderstorm or tornado warnings. • Seek shelter. Do not try to outrun a tornado.
Surveying	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe boots when working in the field. • Provide adequate lighting in all work areas. • Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. • Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls. • Work areas will be kept clean and orderly. • Garbage and trash will be disposed of daily in approved refuse containers. • Tools and accessories will be properly maintained and stored. • Work areas and floors will be kept free of dirt, grease, and slippery materials.
	Traffic accidents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place physical barrier (i.e., barricades, fencing) around work areas regularly occupied by pedestrians. • If working adjacent to roadways, have workers wear fluorescent orange vests. • Use warning signs or lights to alert oncoming traffic. • Assign flag person(s) if necessary to direct local traffic. • Set up temporary parking locations outside the immediate work area. • Motor vehicle operators shall obey all posted traffic signs, signals, and speed limits. • Pedestrians have the right-of-way. • Wear seat belts when vehicles are in motion.
	Wildlife hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should be cautious when driving through the site in order to avoid encounters with passing animals.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 5 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Surveying (continued)	Biological hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Walking through overgrown grass areas, watch for snakes (rattlesnakes, moccasins, copperheads).
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear light colored clothing (can see ticks better). • Mow vegetated and small brush areas. • Wear insect repellent. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
Groundwater Sampling	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Avoid skin contact with water. • Handle samples with care. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MSDSs shall be obtained for chemicals brought on site. • Label all containers as to contents.
	Strains/sprains	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use the proper tool for the job being performed. • Get assistance if needed. • Avoid twisting/turning while pulling on tools, moving equipment, etc.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 6 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe/shank boots when working in the field. • Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. • Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers shall inspect the work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas. • Evaluate need for sensitive workers to have prescribed antibiotic or medicine to combat onset of symptoms.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling (continued)	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40°F. • Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages. • Remove wet clothing promptly. • Take breaks in warm areas. • Reduce work periods as necessary. • Layer work clothing.
	Access/egress hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained bushhog operator. • Keep employees out of the bushhog work area. • Utilize good housekeeping practices. • Keep aisleways, pathways, and work areas free of obstruction. • Clean ice or snow off of walkways or work stations. • Use appropriate footwear for the task assigned.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep the skin clean and dry. • Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary. • Bathe at end of work shift or day. • Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty. • Provide cool fluid for work crews. • Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature). • Set up work/rest periods. • Use the buddy system. • Allow workers time to acclimate. • Have ice packs available for use. • Take frequent breaks.
	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate possibility of night work. • Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks. • Wear body cooling devices.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling (continued)	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one single tree. • Keep all body parts in contact with the ground as close as possible. • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
Surface Water/Sediment Sampling	Drowning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal flotation devices (PFD) will be provided and worn by workers over or near water where the danger of drowning exists. • PFDs shall be inspected prior to and after each use. • Defective PFDs will be tagged and removed from service. • Ring buoys with at least 90 feet of line shall be provided and readily available at locations where employees are working over or adjacent to water. • Use the "buddy system." • Personnel trained in launching and operating the skiff shall be readily available during work hours.
Moving and Shipping Collected Samples	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Beware of contact points. • Stay alert at all times!
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear adequate hand protection. Use care when handling glassware.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Label all containers as to contents and associated hazards.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Material storage	Flammable and combustible liquids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Store in NO SMOKING AREA. • Fire extinguisher readily available. • Transfer only when properly grounded and bonded.
Disposal of investigation-derived waste (IDW) (Forklift Operation)	Personnel injury, property damage, and/or equipment damage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained forklift operators. • The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift. • The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift. • Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. • Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good housekeeping shall be implemented. • The work area shall be kept clean as feasible. • Inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations (continued)	Fueling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only approved safety cans shall be used to store fuel. • Do not refuel equipment while it is operating. • Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
	Faulty or damaged equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equipment shall be inspected before being placed into service and at the beginning of each shift. • Preventive maintenance procedures recommended by the manufacturer shall be followed. • A lockout/tagout procedure shall be used for equipment found to be faulty or undergoing maintenance.
	High-pressure water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Jetting gun operator must wear appropriate PPE including hard hat, impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields, water-resistant clothing, metatarsal guards for feet and legs, and hearing protection (if appropriate). • One standby person shall be available within the vicinity of the pump during jetting operation. • The work area shall be isolated and adequate barriers will be used to warn other site personnel.
	Unqualified operators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only qualified and trained personnel are permitted to operate machinery and mechanized equipment associated with water jet cutting and cleaning.
	Out of control equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No machinery or equipment is permitted to run unattended. • Machinery or equipment will not be operated in a manner that will endanger persons or property nor will the safe operating speeds or loads be exceeded.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sound levels above 85 dBA mandates hearing protection by nearby site personnel.
	Activation during repairs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All machinery or equipment will be shut down and positive means taken to prevent its operation while repairs or manual lubrications are being done.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended .
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hard hats are required by site personnel. • Stay alert and clear of material suspended overhead.
	Flying debris	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields are required.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 11 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations (continued)	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All site personnel will wear the appropriate PPE.
Hydropunch Sampling	Faulty or damaged equipment being utilized to perform work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All machinery or mechanized equipment will be inspected by a competent mechanic and certified to be in safe operating condition. • Equipment will be inspected before use and at the beginning of each shift. • Faulty/unsafe equipment will be tagged and if possible locked out. • Drill rigs shall be equipped with reverse signal alarm, backup warning lights, or the vehicle is backed up only when an observer signals it is safe to do so.
	Uneven terrain, poor ground support, inadequate clearances, contact with utilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspections or determinations of road conditions and structures shall be made in advance to ensure that clearances and load capacities are safe for the passage or placing of any machinery or equipment. • All mobile equipment and areas in which they are operated shall be adequately illuminated. • Whenever the equipment is parked, the parking brake shall be set. • Equipment parked on inclines will have the wheels chocked. • Inspect brakes and tire pressure on drill rig before staging for work. • Obtain trenching/drilling permit prior to operation.
	Inexperienced operator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Machinery and mechanized equipment shall be operated only by designated personnel. • Heavy equipment operators shall inform their supervisor(s) of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Jacks/outriggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure proper footing and cribbing.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove unsecured tools and materials before raising or lowering the derrick. • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Stay alert at all times!
	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized equipment shall be shut down prior to and during fueling operations. • Have fire extinguishers inspected and readily available.

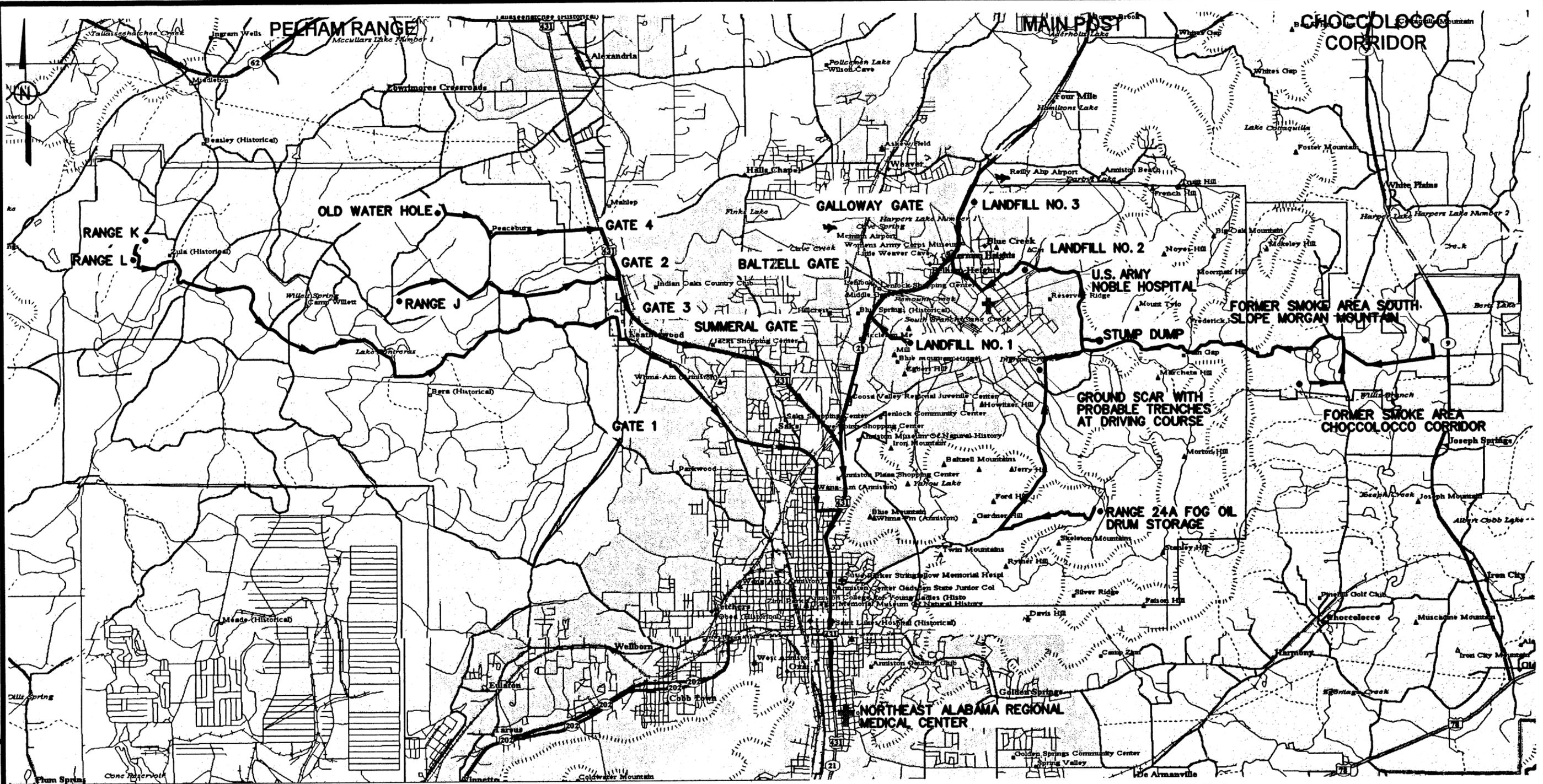
Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Small Weapons Cleaning and Storage Compound, Building 1378, Parcel 174(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 12 of 12)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Hydropunch Sampling (continued)	Fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Personnel are not allowed to work off of machinery or use them as ladders.• Use fall protection when working above 6 feet.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hearing protection is mandatory above 85 dBA.
	Contact with rotating or reciprocating machine part	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use machine guards; use long-handled shovels to remove auger cuttings.• Safe lockout procedures for maintenance work.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Practice good housekeeping; keep work area picked up and clean as feasible.• Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.
	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Real-time air monitoring will take place. If necessary, proper personal protective clothing and equipment will be utilized.

19 NOV 98 07:49
 STARTING DATE: 8/26/98
 DATE LAST F: 14:07:49
 DRAWN BY: D. BILLINGSLEY
 DRAFT, CHCK. BY: A. MAYILA
 ENGR. CHCK. BY: A. MAYILA
 DWG. NO.: 74645es.218
 PROJ. MGR.: J. YACOB
 PROJ. NO.: 774645

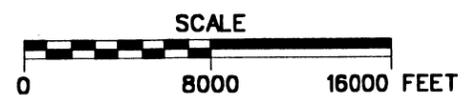


LEGEND:

- ➔ ROUTE TO NORTHEAST ALABAMA REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
- Ⓜ U.S. HIGHWAY
- ⛆ HOSPITALS
- INVESTIGATION SITES

**FIGURE 1
 HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROUTES**

U. S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 MOBILE DISTRICT
 FORT McCLELLAN
 CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA
 Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018



FIRE DEPT. PHONE NUMBER: (205) 848-5936

NOT TO SCALE

mcrcraft
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**Final
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment
Site Investigation at the Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan
Calhoun County, Alabama
EPA ID No. AL7 210 020 562**

Prepared for:

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District
109 St. Joseph Street
Mobile, Alabama 36602**

Prepared by:

**IT Corporation
312 Directors Drive
Knoxville, Tennessee 37923**

**Delivery Order CK005
Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018
IT Project No. 774645**

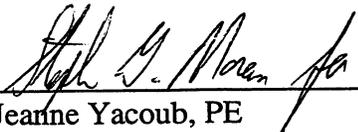
November 1998

Revision 1

This Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan must be used in conjunction with the Installation-Wide Safety and Health Plan, Fort McClellan, Alabama.

Final
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment Approval
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

I have read and approve this site-specific safety and health plan attachment for the Former Motor Pool Area 1000 at Fort McClellan, Alabama, with respect to project hazards, regulatory requirements, and IT Corporation procedures.



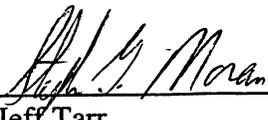
Jeanne Yacoub, PE
Project Manager

11/29/98
Date



Michael Henderson, CH
Health & Safety Manager

11/24/98
Date

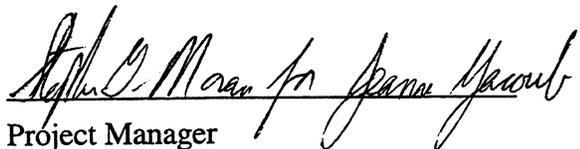


Jeff Tarr
Site Coordinator

11/24/98
Date

Acknowledgements

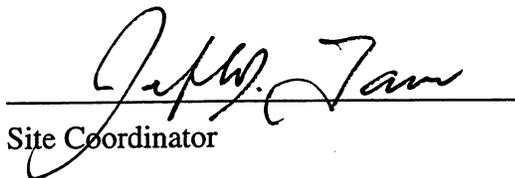
The final approved version of this site-specific safety and health plan (SSHP) attachment for the Former Motor Pool Area 1000 at Fort McClellan, Alabama, has been provided to the site coordinator. I acknowledge my responsibility to provide the site coordinator with the equipment, materials, and qualified personnel to implement fully all safety requirements in this SSHP attachment. I will formally review this plan with the health and safety staff every 6 months until project completion.


Project Manager

11/24/98

Date

I acknowledge receipt of this SSHP attachment from the project manager, and that it is my responsibility to explain its contents to all site personnel and cause these requirements to be fully implemented. Any change in conditions, scope of work, or other change that might affect worker safety requires me to notify the project manager and/or the health and safety manager.


Site Coordinator

11-24-98

Date

Fort McClellan Gate Hours

Baltzell Gate	Baltzell Road. Open 24 hours daily, 7 days a week.
---------------	---

Fort McClellan Project Emergency Contacts

Fire Department (on post)	Ext. 17
Fire Department (off post)	(256) 820-1117
Ambulance (on post)	Ext. 12
Ambulance (off post)	(256) 848-2315
Military Police (on post)	Ext. 5-3821
Military Police (off post).....	(256) 848-5555
Regional Medical Center	(256) 235-5121
Chemical Agent Emergencies	Ext. 17
UXO Emergencies	Ext. 17
UXO Nonemergencies/Reporting Only (Ronald Levy)	(256) 848-3758
National Response Center	(800) 424-8802
Poison Control Center	(800) 462-0800
EPA Region IV	(404) 562-8725
Ronald Levy, Chief, FTMC Environmental Management.....	(256) 848-3758
Ellis Pope, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	(334) 690-3077
Jeanne Yacoub, IT Project Manager	(423) 690-3211
Michael Henderson, IT H&S Manager	(423) 690-3211
Dr. Elaine Theriault, IT Occupational Physician	(800) 229-3674

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List of Acronyms

BZ	breathing zone
EPIC	Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center
FTMC	Fort McClellan
PPE	personal protective equipment
SHP	installation-wide safety and health plan
SSHO	site safety and health officer
SSHP	site-specific safety and health plan
UST	underground storage tank

1.0 Site Work Plan Summary

Project Objective. The objective of this investigation at Fort McClellan (FTMC), Calhoun County, Alabama is to collect and analyze samples from the Former Motor Pool Area 1000, Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7).

Project Tasks

- Collect one surface soil samples.
- Collect eleven subsurface soil samples.
- Collect seven groundwater samples.
- Collect two depositional soil samples.

Personnel Requirements. Up to ten employees.

Note: All personnel on this site shall have received training, informational programs, and medical surveillance as outlined in the installation-wide safety and health plan (SHP) for site investigations at FTMC, and be familiar with the requirements of this site-specific SHP (SSHP). This SSHP must be used in conjunction with the SHP, FTMC, Alabama.

2.0 Site Characterization and Analysis

2.1 Anticipated Hazards

The activity hazard analysis in Chapter 5.0 contains project-specific practices utilized to reduce or eliminate anticipated site hazards. The activity hazard analysis indicates specific chemical and physical hazards that may be present and encountered during each task from on-site operations. Below each task is a list of hazards and specific actions that will be taken to control the respective hazards. These control measures may include work practice controls, engineering controls, and/or use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Building 1012, of the Former Motor Pool Area 1000, was heated with heating oil when first built in 1977, but is now heated with natural gas. There were two 5,000-gallon steel underground storage tanks (UST) (Parcel 13[7]) installed in 1977 when the building was built. One of the USTs was removed sometime around 1990 to 1991. A closure report could not be found in the files. Also, one of the 5,000-gallon heating oil USTs near the southwest corner of Building 1012 was removed and a replacement 5,000-gallon UST was installed in October 1996. Currently, this UST remains on site. There is an area in the parking lot near the southeast corner of Building 1012 that appears to be the location of a possible excavation. This area may have been the location of the second heating oil UST, before it was removed. Also, it appears that the site was razed and leveled prior to erecting Building 1012 and completing the surrounding parking lot. Therefore, none of the original surface soil exists.

Historic operations as a former motor pool area at this site are believed to have been primarily vehicle storage. There is not any information available concerning dates or details of operations at this motor pool. The site may have contained a vehicle maintenance area, wash rack and fuel and waste oil tanks that were typical of FTMC motor pool areas. A review of available aerial photographs prepared by Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center (EPIC) did not reveal much additional information other than showing several unidentifiable buildings previously standing where Truman Gymnasium is currently. The area southeast of Truman Gymnasium appears to have been an open area, possibly used for parking or staging of vehicles or equipment; however, little was observed in this area on the available photographs.

Former Motor Pool Area 1000 was also the site of a FTMC gas station (Building 1094, Parcel 139[7]). There is not any evidence of a building foundation to mark the location of the former gas station. A review of available aerial photographs, including the photographs prepared by the

EPIC, did not reveal the location of the former gas station. There are not any closure reports for USTs at this site on file with FTMC or Alabama Department of Environmental Management and the status of the USTs is unknown. There was not any evidence of former gas station or probable associated USTs observed during IT Corporation's June 1998 site visit.

Table 2-1 contains the toxicological and physiological properties of chemicals anticipated or to be used at the Former Motor Pool Area 1000 site.

2.2 General Site Information

Location of Site. The Former Motor Pool Area 1000 is located between 4th and 5th Avenue, in the north central area of the FTMC Main Post. The site covers an area approximately 5 acres.

Duration of Planned Employee Activity. Employee activity duration is 1 month.

Site Topography. The site elevation is approximately 775 feet, with ground sloping from the southwest to the northeast.

Pathways for Hazardous Substance Dispersion. Possible pathways for hazardous substances in the area are groundwater and soils.

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 7)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Acetone [67-64-1]	9.7	13-100	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, nose, and throat; headache, dizziness; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	750 ppm 750 ppm 250 ppm	1,000 ppm 1,000 ppm	PEL TLV REL	20,000 ppm
Benzene [71-43-2]	9.24	34-119	Inh Abs Ing Con	Irritates eyes, nose, respiratory system; giddiness; headache, nausea, staggered gait; fatigue, anorexia, lassitude; dermatitis; bone-marrow depression. Carcinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	1 ppm (10 ppm) NIC-0.1 skin 0.1 ppm	5 ppm C1 ppm (Ca)	PEL TLV REL	Ca [1,000 ppm]* *OSHA
Ethyl benzene [100-41-4]	8.76	0.09-0.6	Inh Ing Con	Irritates eyes, mucous membranes; headache; dermatitis; narcosis, coma.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm	125 ppm 125 ppm 125 ppm	PEL TLV REL	2,000 ppm

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 7)

Substance [CAS]	IP* (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^e	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Fuel oil (diesel oil, medlum)	?	?	Ing Inh Con	Ingestion causes nausea, vomiting, and cramps; depressed central nervous system, headache, coma, death; pulmonary irritation; kidney and liver damage; aspiration causes severe lung irritation, coughing, gagging, dyspnea, sub-sternal stress, pulmonary edema; bronchopneumonia; excited, then depressed, central nervous system.	Eye: Irrigate promptly Skin: Soap wash Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention Aspiration: Immediate medical Attention			PEL TLV REL	
Fuel Oil No. 1, see kerosene. [NA]								PEL TLV REL	
Fuel Oil No. 2, see fuel oil. [NA]								PEL TLV REL	
Fuel Oils No. 4, 5, and 6 [NA]	?	?	Abs Con	Low toxicity; prolonged contact may produce systemic effects.	Eye: Irrigate Immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 3 of 7)

Substance [CAS]	IP* (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Kerosene	?	?	Inh Ing Con	Irritation to eyes, skin, nose, throat; burning sensation in chest; nausea; weakness; headache; confusion; drowsiness; vomiting; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 mg/m ³		PEL TLV REL	
Gasoline [8006-61-9]	?	0.3	Inh Ing Con	Intoxication, headaches, blurred vision, dizziness, nausea; eye, nose throat irritation; potential kidney and other cancers. Carcinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	300 ppm 300 ppm Ca, lowest feasible conc. (LOQ 15 ppm)	500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	?
n-Hexane [110-54-3]	10.18	65-248	Inh Ing Con	Lightheadedness; nausea, headache; numbness of the extremities, muscular weakness; irritation of the eyes and nose; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia; giddiness.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	50 ppm 50 ppm 50 ppm		PEL TLV REL	5,000 ppm
Hydrogen chloride (hydrochloric acid) [74-90-8]	12.74	0.255-10.6	Inh Ing Con	Inflamed nose, throat, larynx; cough, burns throat, choking; burns eyes, skin; dermatitis; in animals; laryngeal spasm; pulmonary edema.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention		C5 ppm C5 ppm C5 ppm	PEL TLV REL	100 ppm
Isopropyl alcohol (isopropanol) [67-63-0]	10.16	43-200	Inh Ing Con	Mild irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat; drowsiness, dizziness, headache; dry, cracked skin.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	400 ppm 400 ppm 400 ppm	500 ppm 500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	12,000 ppm

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 4 of 7)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Lead	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Weak, insomnia, facial pallor, constipated, abdominal pain, colic, anemia, irritated eyes, paralysis of wrists and ankles, encephalopathy.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention		0.05 mg/m 0.05 mg/m 0.1 mg/m	PEL TLV REL	100 mg/m
Methanol	10.85	4.2-5960	Inh Abs Ing Con	Irritated eyes, headache, drowsiness, lightheadedness, nausea, vomiting, disturbance in vision, blindness.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Immediate medical attention		200 ppm (skin) 200 ppm (skin) 200 ppm	PEL TLV REL	25,000 ppm
Methylene chloride (dichloromethane) [75-09-2]	11.32	?	Inh Ing Con	Fatigue, weakness, sleepiness, lightheadedness; numbness and tingling in limbs; nausea; irritated eyes and skin.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	500 ppm 50 ppm	C1,000 ppm; C2,000 mg/m ³ (5 min in 2 hrs)	PEL TLV REL	Ca (5,000 ppm)
Methyl ethyl ketone [78-93-3]	9.54	2-85	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes and nose; headache, dizziness; vomiting.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Immediate medical attention	200 ppm 200 ppm 200 ppm	300 ppm 300 ppm 300 ppm	PEL TLV REL	3,000 ppm
Motor oil [NA]	?	?	Inh Ing	Irritated eyes, skin, respiratory system; usually only a problem if misted or ingested.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Naptha, see petroleum distillate									

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 5 of 7)

Substance [CAS]	IP* (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Nitric acid [7697-37-2]	11.95	0.3-1	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, mucous membranes, and skin; delayed pulmonary edema, pneumonitis, bronchitis; dental erosion.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	2 ppm 2 ppm 2 ppm	4 ppm 4 ppm 4 ppm	PEL TLV REL	100 ppm
Petroleum distillate (Naptha) [8002-05-9]	?	?	Con Ing	Coughing, dyspnea, nausea, or vomiting.		400 ppm		PEL TLV REL	
Petroleum hydrocarbons, see Stoddard solvent									
Portland cement			Inh	Fine gray powder that can be irritating if inhaled or in eyes.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention		10 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ / total dust 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction	TLV REL	
Sodium hydroxide [1310-73-2]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Irritated nose; pneumonitis; burns eyes, and skin; temporary loss of hair.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention		C2 mg/m ³ C2 mg/m ³ C2 mg/m ³	PEL TLV REL	250 mg/m ³
Sulfuric acid [7664-93-9]	?	0.15	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, nose, and throat; pulmonary edema, bronchitis; emphysema; conjunctivitis; stomatitis; dental erosion; tracheobronchitis; skin and eye burns; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	1 mg/m ³ 1 mg/m ³ 1 mg/m ³	3 mg/m ³	PEL TLV REL	80 mg/m ³

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 6 of 7)

Substance [CAS]	IP* (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Stoddard Solvent	?	?	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, nose, and throat; dizziness; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	500 ppm 350 mg/m ³		PEL TLV REL	20,000 mg/m ³
Toluene [108-88-3]	8.82	0.16-37	Inh Abs Ing Con	Fatigue, weakness; confusion, euphoria, dizziness, headache; dilated pupils, lacrimation; nervousness, muscular fatigue, insomnia; paralysis; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 50 ppm (skin) 100 ppm	150 ppm 150 ppm	PEL TLV REL	2,000 ppm
Xylene (o-, m-, and p-isomers) [1330-20-7;95-47-6; 108-38-3;106-42-3]	8.56/ 8.56/ 8.44	1.1-20	Inh Abs Ing Con	Dizziness, excitement, drowsiness, incoordination, staggering gait; irritated eyes, nose, throat; corneal vacuolization; anorexia, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain; dermatitis.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	100 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm	150 ppm 150 ppm 150 ppm	PEL TLV REL	1,000 ppm

*IP = Ionization potential (electron volts).

^bRoute = Inh, Inhalation; Abs, Skin absorption; Ing, Ingestion; Con, Skin and/or eye contact.

^cTWA = Time-weighted average. The TWA concentration for a normal work day (usually 8 or 10 hours) and a 40-hour work week, to which nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed, day after day without adverse effect.

^dSTEL = Short-term exposure limit. A 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday, even if the TWA is not exceeded.

^ePEL = Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) permissible exposure limit (29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z).

AEL = Airborne Exposure Limit.

TLV = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene (ACGIH) threshold limit value—TWA.

REL = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) recommended exposure limit.

^fIDLH (NIOSH)—Immediately dangerous to life or health (NIOSH). Represents the maximum concentration from which, in the event of respirator failure, one could escape within 30 minutes without a respirator and without experiencing any escape-impairing or irreversible health effects.

NE = No evidence could be found for the existence of an IDLH (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Pub. 1998).

Table 2-1

Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals Former Motor Pool Area 1000 Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7) Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

(Page 7 of 7)

C = Ceiling limit value which should not be exceeded at any time.

Ca = Carcinogen.

NA = Not applicable.

? = Unknown.

LEL = Lower explosive limits.

LC₅₀ = Lethal concentration for 50 percent of population tested.

LD₅₀ = Lethal dose for 50 percent of population tested.

NIC = Notice of intended change (ACGIH).

References:

- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Guide to Occupational Exposure Values, 1998, compiled by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
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- Warning Properties of Industrial Chemicals—Occupational Health Resource Center, Oregon Lung Association.
- Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels, American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1992.

3.0 Personal Protective Equipment

The work activities will begin in the following levels of protection. Also, a completed description of Level D, Modified Level D, and Level C PPE is provided.

Task	Initial Level of PPE
Staging equipment	Level D
Collecting samples	Modified Level D*

*Initial level will be raised to Level C or higher if air monitoring results in the worker's breathing zone (BZ) are greater than action levels.

Level D. The minimal level of protection that will be required of IT Corporation personnel at the site will be Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D protection:

- Coveralls or work clothing
- Leather work gloves (when necessary)
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Modified Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D-Modified protection:

- Permeable Tyvek, Kleenguard, or its equivalent (Saran-coated tyvek where chemical agents are anticipated)
- Latex boot covers
- Nitrile, heavy work, or latex gloves
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Note: In addition to modifying Level D PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the legs and feet.

Level C. Level C protection will not be used unless air-monitoring data indicate the need for upgrade; however, the equipment shall be readily available on site. The following equipment will be used for Level C protection:

- National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health/Mine Safety and Health Administration-approved full-face, air-purifying respirators equipped with organic vapor/acid gas cartridge in combination with high-efficiency particulate air filter
- Hooded, Saran-coated Tyvek, taped at gloves, boots, and respirator
- Nitrile gloves (outer)
- Latex or lightweight nitrile gloves (inner)
- Neoprene steel-toed boots or polyvinyl chloride overbooties/steel-toed safety boots
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Note: In addition to Level C PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the legs and feet.

4.0 Site Monitoring

The environmental contaminants of concern resulting from Former Motor Pool Area 1000 operations are diesel fuels, gasoline, benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, xylene, and lead. Table 4-1 contains action levels for site monitoring at the Former Motor Pool Area 1000.

Monitoring will be performed by the site safety and health officer (SSHO) during the performance of ground intrusive operations. A calibrated flame ionization detector (i.e., OVA 128 or equivalent) organic vapor analyzer will be utilized to monitor the sampling locations and breathing zones (BZ) to determine if any organic material may be present that would necessitate upgrading of protection level. A calibrated combustible gas/oxygen indicator will be utilized to monitor the sampling location and BZs for the combustible/flammable gas and oxygen levels that would necessitate evacuation of the work area. Table 4-2 contains the air monitoring frequency and location for site monitoring at the Former Motor Pool Area 1000.

Table 4-1

**Action Levels
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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When in Level C Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action ^a
VOHs	≥ 10 ppm above background in breathing zone (BZ)	Stop work, evacuate work area, upgrade to Level B.
Benzene	≥ 5 ppm in BZ	Stop work, evacuate work area, upgrade to Level B.
Oxygen	≥ 20%, <23% < 20%, >23%	Normal operations. Stop work, evacuate work area.
Flammable vapors	≥ 10% lower explosion limit (LEL) < 10% LEL	Stop work, evacuate work area. Continue operations, monitor for volatile organic compounds (VOC).

When in Level D Modified/D PPE

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action ^b
VOHs	≥ 5 ppm above background in BZ	Stop activities, suspend work activities for 15 to 30 minutes, if readings are sustained then upgrade to Level C PPE.
Benzene	1 ppm in BZ	Upgrade to Level C PPE.
Oxygen	≥ 20%, <23% < 20%, >23%	Normal operations. Stop work, evacuate work area.
Flammable vapors	≥ 10% LEL < 10% LEL	Stop work, evacuate work area. Continue operations, monitor for VOCs.

Table 4-1

**Action Levels
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
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When in Support Zone

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action
VOHs	≥ 1 ppm above background in BZ	Evacuate support zone and re-establish perimeter of exclusion zone.

^a Four instantaneous peaks in any 15-minute period or a sustained reading for 5 minutes in excess of the action level will trigger a response.

^b Contact with the H&S manager must be made prior to continuance of work. The H&S manager may then initiate perimeter/integrated air sampling along with additional engineering controls.

No one is permitted to downgrade levels of PPE without authorization from the H&S manager.

Table 4-2

**Air Monitoring Frequency and Location
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

Work Activity	Instrument	Frequency	Location
Staging equipment	OV Monitor	Initially for area	Breathing zone (BZ) of employees
Sampling (groundwater and soil)	OV Monitor LEL/O ₂ Monitor	Continuously Continuously	BZ of employees Support zone

OV = Organic vapor.

LEL/O₂ = Lower explosive level/oxygen.

5.0 Activity Hazard Analysis

The attached activity hazard analysis (Table 5-1) is provided for the following activities:

- Setup of equipment and general field activities
- Soil and groundwater sampling.

All injuries and illnesses must be immediately reported to the site manager or the SSHO, who will then notify off-site personnel and organizations as necessary.

If hospital care must be provided, the victim shall be treated at Northeast Regional Medical Center. Directions to the hospital are provided in Figure 1-1.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 13)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging equipment	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine best access route before transporting equipment. • Practice good housekeeping; keep work area picked up and clean as feasible. • Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards. • Look before you step; ensure safe and secure footing.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead; wear hard hat and steel-toed boots.
	Flying debris, dirt, dust, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear safety glasses/goggles; ensure that eye wash is in proper working condition.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Beware of contact points. • Stay alert at all times!
	Cuts/bruises	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use cotton or leather work gloves for material handling.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas.
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear light colored clothing (can see ticks better). • Mow vegetated and small brush areas. • Wear insect repellent. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Label all containers as to contents and dispose of properly. • Ensure Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available for hazardous chemicals used on site.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging equipment (continued)	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sound levels above 85 decibels (dBA) mandates hearing protection.
	Lighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate lighting will be provided to ensure a safe working environment.
	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40 degrees Fahrenheit (°F). • Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages. • Remove wet clothing promptly. • Take breaks in warm areas. • Reduce work periods as necessary. • Layer work clothing.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep the skin clean and dry. • Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary. • Bathe at end of work shift or day. • Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty. • Provide cool fluid for work crews. • Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature). • Set up work/rest periods. • Use the "buddy system." • Allow workers time to acclimate. • Have ice packs available for use. • Take frequent breaks.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging equipment (continued)	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate possibility of night work. • Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks. • Wear body cooling devices.
	Contact with moving equipment/vehicles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work area will be barricaded/demarcated. • Equipment will be laid out in an area free of traffic flow. • Barricades shall be used on or around work areas when it is necessary to prevent the inadvertent intrusion of pedestrian traffic. • Barriers shall be used to protect workers from vehicular traffic. • Barriers shall be used to guard excavations adjacent to streets or roadways. • Flagging shall be used for the short term (less than 24 hours) to identify hazards until proper barricades or barriers are provided. • Heavy equipment shall have backup alarms.
	Forklift operations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained forklift operators. • The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift. • The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift. • Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Portable electric tools	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Portable electric tools that are unsafe due to faulty plugs, damaged cords, or other reasons, shall be tagged (do not use) and removed from service. • Portable electric tools and all cord and plug connected equipment shall be protected by a ground-fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) device. • Electrical tools shall be inspected daily prior to use.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
Parcels 150(7), 13(7), and 139(7)
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Staging equipment (continued)	Extension cords	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extension cords that have faulty plugs, damaged insulation, or are unsafe in any way shall be removed from service. • Cords shall be protected from damage from sharp edges, projections, pinch points (doorways), and vehicular traffic. • Cords shall be suspended with a nonconductive support (rope, plastic ties, etc.). • Cords shall be designed for hard duty. • Cords shall be inspected daily.
	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one. • Keep all body parts in contact with the ground as close as possible. • Remain 6 feet away from tree trunk if seeking shelter beneath tree(s). • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
	Thunderstorms, tornados	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listen to radio or TV announcements for pending weather information. • Cease field activities during thunderstorm or tornado warnings. • Seek shelter. Do not try to outrun a tornado.
Surveying	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe boots when working in the field. • Provide adequate lighting in all work areas. • Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. • Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls. • Work areas will be kept clean and orderly. • Garbage and trash will be disposed of daily in approved refuse containers. • Tools and accessories will be properly maintained and stored. • Work areas and floors will be kept free of dirt, grease, and slippery materials.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Surveying (continued)	Traffic accidents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place physical barrier (i.e., barricades, fencing) around work areas regularly occupied by pedestrians. • If working adjacent to roadways, have workers wear fluorescent orange vests. • Use warning signs or lights to alert oncoming traffic. • Assign flag person(s) if necessary to direct local traffic. • Set up temporary parking locations outside the immediate work area. • Motor vehicle operators shall obey all posted traffic signs, signals, and speed limits. • Pedestrians have the right-of-way. • Wear seat belts when vehicles are in motion.
	Wildlife hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should be cautious when driving through the site in order to avoid encounters with passing animals.
	Biological hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Walking through overgrown grass areas, watch for snakes (rattlesnakes, moccasins, copperheads).
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear light colored clothing (can see ticks better). • Mow vegetated and small brush areas. • Wear insect repellent. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Groundwater sampling	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Avoid skin contact with water. • Handle samples with care. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MSDSs shall be obtained for chemicals brought on site. • Label all containers as to contents.
	Strains/sprains	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use the proper tool for the job being performed. • Get assistance if needed. • Avoid twisting/turning while pulling on tools, moving equipment, etc.
	Spills/residual materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Absorbent material and containers will be kept available where leaks or spills may occur.
	Lighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate lighting will be provided to ensure a safe working environment.
	Unattended worker	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use "buddy system" - visual contact will be maintained with the sampling technician during sampling activities.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil boring and surface/subsurface sampling	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe/shank boots when working in the field. • Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. • Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers shall inspect the work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas. • Evaluate need for sensitive workers to have prescribed antibiotic or medicine to combat onset of symptoms.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid plant areas if possible. • Wear long sleeves and long pants. • Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. • Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40°F. • Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages. • Remove wet clothing promptly. • Take breaks in warm areas. • Reduce work periods as necessary. • Layer work clothing.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil boring and surface/subsurface sampling (continued)	Access/egress hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained bushhog operator. • Keep employees out of the bushhog work area. • Utilize good housekeeping practices. • Keep aiseways, pathways, and work areas free of obstruction. • Clean ice or snow off of walkways or work stations. • Use appropriate footwear for the task assigned.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep the skin clean and dry. • Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary. • Bathe at end of work shift or day. • Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty. • Provide cool fluid for work crews. • Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature). • Set up work/rest periods. • Use the buddy system. • Allow workers time to acclimate. • Have ice packs available for use. • Take frequent breaks.
	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate possibility of night work. • Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks. • Wear body cooling devices.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil boring and surface/subsurface sampling (continued)	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one single tree. • Keep all body parts in contact with the ground as close as possible. • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
Moving and shipping collected samples	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size-up the lift.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Beware of contact points. • Stay alert at all times!
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear adequate hand protection. Use care when handling glassware.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Label all containers as to contents and associated hazards.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size-up the lift.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Material storage	Flammable and combustible liquids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Store in NO SMOKING AREA. • Fire extinguisher readily available. • Transfer only when properly grounded and bonded.
Disposal of investigation-derived waste (IDW) (Forklift Operation)	Personnel injury, property damage, and/or equipment damage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained forklift operators. • The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift. • The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift. • Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
High-pressure water jetting operations	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. • Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size-up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good housekeeping shall be implemented. • The work area shall be kept clean as feasible. • Inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
High-pressure water jetting operations (continued)	Fueling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only approved safety cans shall be used to store fuel. • Do not refuel equipment while it is operating. • Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
	Faulty or damaged equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equipment shall be inspected before being placed into service and at the beginning of each shift. • Preventive maintenance procedures recommended by the manufacturer shall be followed. • A lockout/tagout procedure shall be used for equipment found to be faulty or undergoing maintenance.
	High-pressure water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Jetting gun operator must wear appropriate PPE including hard hat, impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields, water-resistant clothing, metatarsal guards for feet and legs, and hearing protection (if appropriate). • One standby person shall be available within the vicinity of the pump during jetting operation. • The work area shall be isolated and adequate barriers will be used to warn other site personnel.
	Unqualified operators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only qualified and trained personnel are permitted to operate machinery and mechanized equipment associated with water jet cutting and cleaning.
	Out of control equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No machinery or equipment is permitted to run unattended. • Machinery or equipment will not be operated in a manner that will endanger persons or property nor will the safe operating speeds or loads be exceeded.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sound levels above 85 dBA mandates hearing protection by nearby site personnel.
	Activation during repairs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All machinery or equipment will be shut down and positive means taken to prevent its operation while repairs or manual lubrications are being done.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended .
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hard hats are required by site personnel. • Stay alert and clear of material suspended overhead.
	Flying debris	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields are required.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
High-pressure water jetting operations (continued)	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All site personnel will wear the appropriate PPE.
Hydropunch sampling	Faulty or damaged equipment being utilized to perform work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All machinery or mechanized equipment will be inspected by a competent mechanic and certified to be in safe operating condition. • Equipment will be inspected before use and at the beginning of each shift. • Faulty/unsafe equipment will be tagged and if possible locked out. • Drill rigs shall be equipped with reverse signal alarm, backup warning lights, or the vehicle is backed up only when an observer signals it is safe to do so.
	Uneven terrain, poor ground support, inadequate clearances, contact with utilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspections or determinations of road conditions and structures shall be made in advance to ensure that clearances and load capacities are safe for the passage or placing of any machinery or equipment. • All mobile equipment and areas in which they are operated shall be adequately illuminated. • Whenever the equipment is parked, the parking brake shall be set. • Equipment parked on inclines will have the wheels chocked. • Inspect brakes and tire pressure on drill rig before staging for work. • Obtain trenching/drilling permit prior to operation.
	Inexperienced operator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Machinery and mechanized equipment shall be operated only by designated personnel. • Heavy equipment operators shall inform their supervisor(s) of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Jacks/outriggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure proper footing and cribbing.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove unsecured tools and materials before raising or lowering the derrick. • Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead.

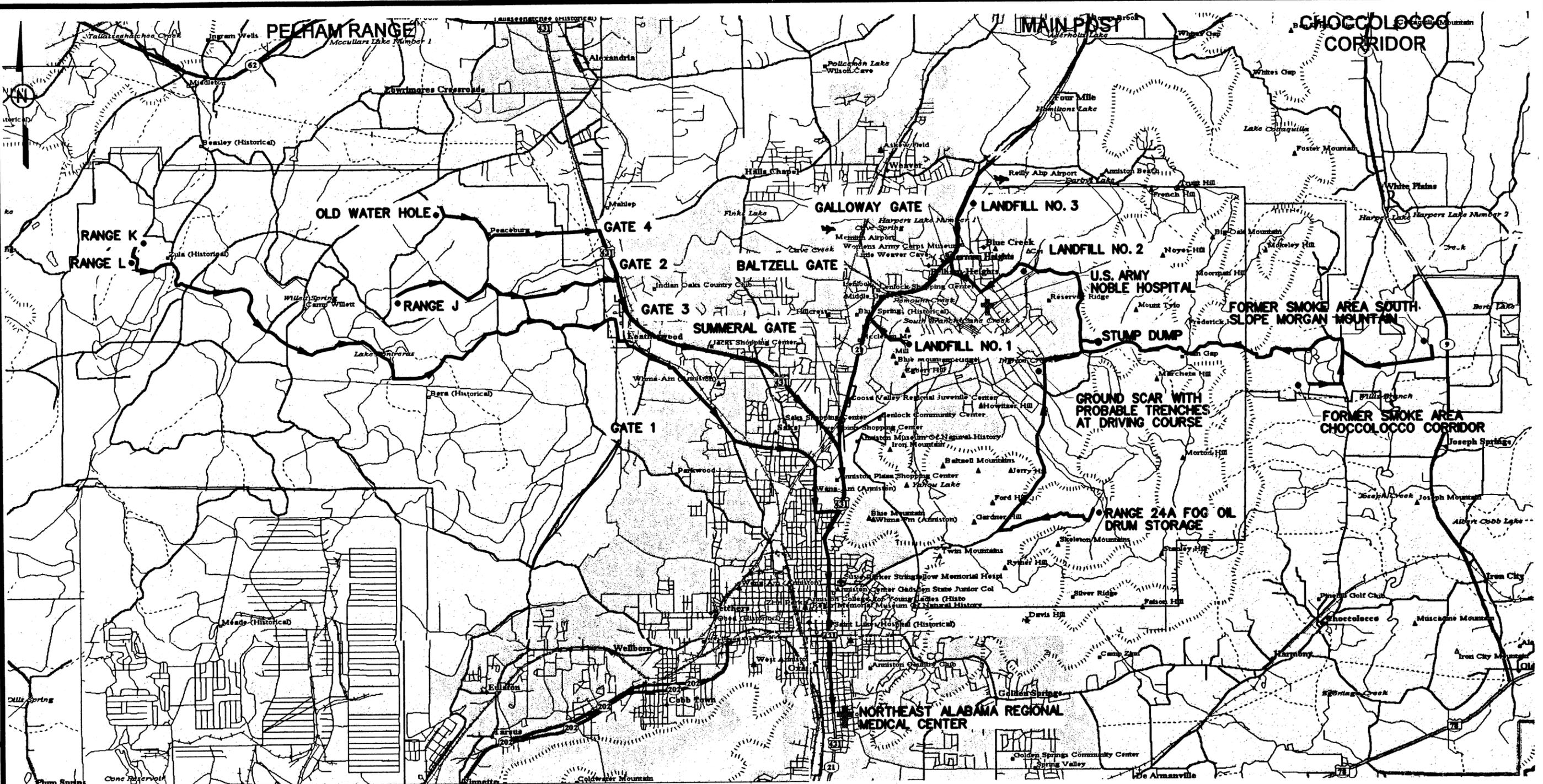
Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Former Motor Pool Area 1000
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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Hydropunch sampling (continued)	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Stay alert at all times!
	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized equipment shall be shut down prior to and during fueling operations. • Have fire extinguishers inspected and readily available.
	Fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personnel are not allowed to work off of machinery or use them as ladders. • Use fall protection when working above 6 feet.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hearing protection is mandatory above 85 dBA.
	Contact with rotating or reciprocating machine part	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use machine guards; use long-handled shovels to remove auger cuttings. • Safe lockout procedures for maintenance work.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 lbs. require assistance or mechanical equipment; size-up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Practice good housekeeping; keep work area picked up and clean as feasible. • Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.
	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real-time air monitoring will take place. If necessary, proper personal protective clothing and equipment will be utilized.

19 NOV 98 STARTING DATE: 8/26/98 DATE LAST: 14:07:49
 DWG. NO.: 74645es.218
 PROJ. MGR.: J. YACOUB PROJ. NO.: 774645
 INITIATOR: A. MAYILA
 DRAFT. CHCK. BY: ENGR. CHCK. BY: A. MAYILA
 DRAWN BY: D. BILLINGSLEY

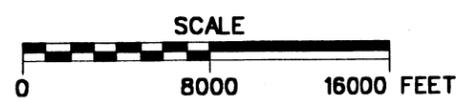


**FIGURE 1
 HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROUTES**

LEGEND:

- ROUTE TO NORTHEAST ALABAMA REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
- U.S. HIGHWAY
- HOSPITALS
- INVESTIGATION SITES

U. S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 MOBILE DISTRICT
 FORT McCLELLAN
 CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA
 Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018



FIRE DEPT. PHONE NUMBER: (205) 848-5936

NOT TO SCALE

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